1.1 Senator ..... moves to amend S.F. No. 4942 as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

## "ARTICLE 1

## 1.4 AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS

1.5 Section 1. Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 1, section 2, is amended to read:

## Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

1.2

1.3

1.6

1.16

1.17

1.7 1.8	Subdivision 1. <b>Tot</b> s	al Appropriation	\$	92,025,000 88,325,000 \$	72,223,000 80,243,000
1.9	Appı	ropriations by Fund			
1.10		2024	2025		
1.11		91,626,000	71,824,000		
1.12	General	87,926,000	79,844,000		
1.13	Remediation	399,000	399,000		
1.14	The amounts that n	nay be spent for eac	h		
1.15	purpose are specifi	ed in the following			

## Subd. 2. Protection Services

subdivisions.

1.18	A	Appropriations by Fund	
1.19		2024	2025
1.20 1.21	General	32,034,000 32,084,000	18,743,000 22,113,000
1.22	Remediation	399,000	399,000

- 1.23 (a) \$399,000 the first year and \$399,000 the
- second year are from the remediation fund for
- administrative funding for the voluntary
- 1.26 cleanup program.
- 1.27 (b) \$625,000 the first year and \$625,000
- 1.28 \$1,120,000 the second year are for the soil
- health financial assistance program under
- 1.30 Minnesota Statutes, section 17.134. The
- commissioner may award no more than
- 1.32 \$50,000 of the appropriation each year to a
- single recipient. Of the second year amount,

2.1	\$495,000 is for projects located in Dodge,
2.2	Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Mower,
2.3	Olmsted, Wabasha, or Winona County. The
2.4	commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of
2.5	this appropriation for costs incurred to
2.6	administer the program. Any unencumbered
2.7	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
2.8	year and is available in the second year.
2.9	Appropriations encumbered under contract on
2.10	or before June 30, 2025, for soil health
2.11	financial assistance grants are available until
2.12	June 30, 2027. The base for this appropriation
2.13	is \$639,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
2.14	thereafter.
2.15	(c) \$800,000 the first year is and \$75,000 the
2.16	second year are for transfer to the pollinator
2.17	research account established under Minnesota
2.18	Statutes, section 18B.051. The base for this
2.19	transfer is \$100,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
2.20	each year thereafter.
2.21	(d) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
2.22	second year are for transfer to the noxious
2.23	weed and invasive plant species assistance
2.24	account established under Minnesota Statutes,
2.25	section 18.89, to award grants under
2.26	Minnesota Statutes, section 18.90, to counties,
2.27	municipalities, and other weed management
2.28	entities, including Minnesota Tribal
2.29	governments as defined in Minnesota Statutes,
2.30	section 10.65. This is a onetime appropriation.
2.31	(e) \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000 the
2.32	second year are for compensation for
2.33	destroyed or crippled livestock under
2.34	Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. The first
2.35	year appropriation may be spent to compensate

for livestock that were destroyed or crippled 3.1 during fiscal year 2023. If the amount in the 3.2 first year is insufficient, the amount in the 3.3 second year is available in the first year. The 3.4 commissioner may use up to \$5,000 each year 3.5 to reimburse expenses incurred by university 3.6 extension educators to provide fair market 3.7 values of destroyed or crippled livestock. If 3.8 the commissioner receives federal dollars to 3.9 pay claims for destroyed or crippled livestock, 3.10 an equivalent amount of this appropriation 3.11 may be used to reimburse nonlethal prevention 3.12 methods performed by federal wildlife services 3.13 staff. 3.14 (f) \$155,000 the first year and \$155,000 the 3.15 second year are for compensation for crop 3.16 damage under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.17 3.7371. If the amount in the first year is 3.18 insufficient, the amount in the second year is 3.19 available in the first year. The commissioner 3.20 may use up to \$10,000 of the appropriation 3.21 each year to reimburse expenses incurred by 3.22 the commissioner or the commissioner's 3.23 approved agent to investigate and resolve 3.24 claims, as well as for costs associated with 3.25 training for approved agents. The 3.26 3.27 commissioner may use up to \$40,000 of the appropriation each year to make grants to 3.28 producers for measures to protect stored crops 3.29 from elk damage. If the commissioner 3.30 determines that claims made under Minnesota 3.31 Statutes, section 3.737 or 3.7371, are 3.32 unusually high, amounts appropriated for 3.33 either program may be transferred to the 3.34 appropriation for the other program. 3.35

4.1	(g) \$825,000 the first year and \$825,000 the
4.2	second year are to replace capital equipment
4.3	in the Department of Agriculture's analytical
4.4	laboratory.
4.5	(h) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
4.6	second year are to support a meat processing
4.7	liaison position to assist new or existing meat
4.8	and poultry processing operations in getting
4.9	started, expanding, growing, or transitioning
4.10	into new business models.
4.11	(i) \$2,200,000 the first year and \$1,650,000
4.12	the second year are additional funding to
4.13	maintain the current level of service delivery
4.14	for programs under this subdivision. The base
4.15	for this appropriation is \$1,925,000 for fiscal
4.16	year 2026 and each year thereafter.
4.17	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
4.18	second year are for grants to organizations in
4.19	Minnesota to develop enterprises, supply
4.20	chains, and markets for continuous-living
4.21	cover crops and cropping systems in the early
4.22	stages of commercial development. For the
4.23	purposes of this paragraph, "continuous-living
4.24	cover crops and cropping systems" refers to
4.25	agroforestry, perennial biomass, perennial
4.26	forage, perennial grains, and winter-annual
4.27	cereal grains and oilseeds that have market
4.28	value as harvested or grazed commodities. By
4.29	February 1 each year, the commissioner must
4.30	submit a report to the chairs and ranking
4.31	minority members of the legislative
4.32	committees with jurisdiction over agriculture
4.33	finance and policy detailing uses of the funds
4.34	in this paragraph, including administrative
4.35	costs, and the achievements these funds

5.1	contributed to. The commissioner may use up
5.2	to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for
5.3	administrative costs. This is a onetime
5.4	appropriation.
5.5	(k) \$45,000 the first year and \$45,000 the
5.6	second year are appropriated for
5.7	wolf-livestock conflict-prevention grants. The
5.8	commissioner may use some of this
5.9	appropriation to support nonlethal prevention
5.10	work performed by federal wildlife services.
5.11	This is a onetime appropriation.
5.12	(1) \$10,000,000 the first year is for transfer to
5.13	the grain indemnity account established in
5.14	Minnesota Statutes, section 223.24. This is a
5.15	onetime transfer.
5.16	(m) \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
5.17	second year are for the PFAS in pesticides
5.18	review. This is a onetime appropriation.
5.19	(n) \$1,941,000 the first year is for transfer to
5.20	the food handler license account. This is a
5.21	onetime transfer.
5.22	(o) \$2,800,000 the second year is for nitrate
5.23	home water treatment, including reverse
5.24	osmosis, for private drinking-water wells with
5.25	nitrate in excess of the maximum contaminant
5.26	level of ten milligrams per liter and located in
5.27	Dodge, Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Mower,
5.28	Olmsted, Wabasha, or Winona County. The
5.29	commissioner must prioritize households at
5.30	or below 300 percent of the federal poverty
5.31	guideline and households with infants or
5.32	pregnant individuals. The commissioner may
5.33	also use this appropriation for education,
5.34	outreach, and technical assistance to

6.1	homeowners. The commissioner of agriculture			
6.2	may transfer money to the commissioner of			
6.3	health to establish and administer a mitigation			
6.4	program for contaminated wells located in			
6.5	Dodge, Fillmore, Goodhue, Houston, Mower,			
6.6	Olmsted, Wabasha, or Winona County.			
6.7	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section			
6.8	16B.98, subdivision 14, the commissioner may			
6.9	use up to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for			
6.10	administrative costs. This is a onetime			
6.11	appropriation and is available until June 30,			
6.12	<u>2027.</u>			
6.13	(p) \$50,000 the first year is to convene a			
6.14	working group of interested parties, including			
6.15	representatives from the Department of			
6.16	Natural Resources, to investigate and			
6.17	recommend options for addressing crop and			
6.18	fence destruction due to Cervidae. By			
6.19	February 1, 2025, the commissioner must			
6.20	submit a report on the findings and			
6.21	recommendations of the working group to the			
6.22	chairs and ranking minority members of the			
6.23	legislative committees with jurisdiction over			
6.24	agriculture policy and finance.			
6.25	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section			
6.26	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not			
6.27	cancel at the end of the first year and is			
6.28	available in the second year. This is a onetime			
6.29	appropriation.			
6.30 6.31	Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development	5,165,0	00	4,985,000
6.32	(a) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the			
6.33	second year are to expand international trade			
6.34	opportunities and markets for Minnesota			
6.35	agricultural products.			

7.1	(b) \$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the
7.2	second year are for transfer to the Minnesota
7.3	grown account and may be used as grants for
7.4	Minnesota grown promotion under Minnesota
7.5	Statutes, section 17.102. Notwithstanding
7.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the
7.7	appropriations encumbered under contract on
7.8	or before June 30, 2025, for Minnesota grown
7.9	grants in this paragraph are available until June
7.10	30, 2027.
7.11	(c) \$634,000 the first year and \$634,000 the
7.12	second year are for the continuation of the
7.13	dairy development and profitability
7.14	enhancement programs, including dairy
7.15	profitability teams and dairy business planning
7.16	grants under Minnesota Statutes, section
7.17	32D.30.
7.18	(d) The commissioner may use funds
7.19	appropriated in this subdivision for annual
7.20	cost-share payments to resident farmers or
7.21	entities that sell, process, or package
7.22	agricultural products in this state for the costs
7.23	of organic certification. The commissioner
7.24	may allocate these funds for assistance to
7.25	persons transitioning from conventional to
7.26	organic agriculture.
7.27	(e) \$600,000 the first year and \$420,000 the
7.28	second year are to maintain the current level
7.29	of service delivery. The base for this
7.30	appropriation is \$490,000 \$510,000 for fiscal
7.31	year 2026 and each year thereafter.
7.32	(f) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
7.33	second year are for mental health outreach and
7.34	support to farmers, ranchers, and others in the
7.35	agricultural community and for farm safety

8.1	grant and outreach programs under Minnesota		
8.2	Statutes, section 17.1195. Mental health		
8.3	outreach and support may include a 24-hour		
8.4	hotline, stigma reduction, and education.		
8.5	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section		
8.6	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not		
8.7	cancel at the end of the first year and is		
8.8	available in the second year. This is a onetime		
8.9	appropriation.		
8.10	(g) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the		
8.11	second year are to award and administer grants		
8.12	for infrastructure and other forms of financial		
8.13	assistance to support EBT, SNAP, SFMNP,		
8.14	and related programs at farmers markets.		
8.15	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section		
8.16	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not		
8.17	cancel at the end of the first year and is		
8.18	available in the second year. This is a onetime		
8.19	appropriation.		
8.20	(h) \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the		
8.21	second year are to award cooperative grants		
8.22	under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.1016.		
8.23	The commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent		
8.24	of the appropriation each year to administer		
8.25	the grant program. Notwithstanding Minnesota		
8.26	Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered		
8.27	balance does not cancel at the end of the first		
8.28	year and is available in the second year. This		
8.29	is a onetime appropriation.		
8.30 8.31	Subd. 4. <b>Agriculture, Bioenergy, and Bioproduct Advancement</b>	37,809,000 34,034,000	33,809,000 38,159,000
8.32	(a) \$10,702,000 the first year and \$10,702,000		
8.33	the second year are for the agriculture		
8.34	research, education, extension, and technology		
8.35	transfer program under Minnesota Statutes,		

9.1	section 41A.14. Except as provided below,
9.2	the appropriation each year is for transfer to
9.3	the agriculture research, education, extension,
9.4	and technology transfer account under
9.5	Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.14,
9.6	subdivision 3, and the commissioner shall
9.7	transfer funds each year to the Board of
9.8	Regents of the University of Minnesota for
9.9	purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section
9.10	41A.14. To the extent practicable, money
9.11	expended under Minnesota Statutes, section
9.12	41A.14, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2),
9.13	must supplement and not supplant existing
9.14	sources and levels of funding. The
9.15	commissioner may use up to one percent of
9.16	this appropriation for costs incurred to
9.17	administer the program.
9.18	Of the amount appropriated for the agriculture
9.19	research, education, extension, and technology
9.20	transfer grant program under Minnesota
9.21	Statutes, section 41A.14:
9.22	(1) \$600,000 the first year and \$600,000 the
9.23	second year are for the Minnesota Agricultural
9.24	Experiment Station's agriculture rapid
9.25	response fund under Minnesota Statutes,
9.26	section 41A.14, subdivision 1, clause (2);
9.27	(2) up to \$1,000,000 the first year and up to
9.28	\$1,000,000 the second year are for research
9.29	on avian influenza, salmonella, and other
9.30	turkey-related diseases and disease prevention
9.31	measures;
9.32	(3) \$2,250,000 the first year and \$2,250,000
9.33	the second year are for grants to the Minnesota
9.34	Agricultural Education Leadership Council to
9.35	enhance agricultural education with priority

0.1	given to Farm Business Management
10.2	challenge grants;
10.3	(4) \$450,000 the first year is for the cultivated
10.4	wild rice breeding project at the North Central
10.5	Research and Outreach Center to include a
10.6	tenure track/research associate plant breeder;
10.7	(5) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the
8.01	second year are for potato breeding;
10.9	(6) \$802,000 the first year and \$802,000 the
10.10	second year are to fund the Forever Green
10.11	Initiative and protect the state's natural
10.12	resources while increasing the efficiency,
10.13	profitability, and productivity of Minnesota
10.14	farmers by incorporating perennial and
10.15	winter-annual crops into existing agricultural
10.16	practices. The base for the allocation under
10.17	this clause is \$802,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
10.18	each year thereafter. By February 1 each year,
10.19	the dean of the College of Food, Agricultural
0.20	and Natural Resource Sciences must submit
10.21	a report to the chairs and ranking minority
10.22	members of the legislative committees with
10.23	jurisdiction over agriculture finance and policy
10.24	and higher education detailing uses of the
10.25	funds in this paragraph, including
10.26	administrative costs, and the achievements
10.27	these funds contributed to; and
10.28	(7) \$350,000 each year is for farm-scale winter
10.29	greenhouse research and development
10.30	coordinated by University of Minnesota
10.31	Extension Regional Sustainable Development
10.32	Partnerships. The allocation in this clause is
10.33	onetime-;

11.1	(8) \$200,000 the second year is for research
11.2	on natural stands of wild rice; and
11.3	(9) \$250,000 the second year is for the
11.4	cultivated wild rice forward selection project
11.5	at the North Central Research and Outreach
11.6	Center, including a tenure track or research
11.7	associate plant scientist.
11.8	(b) The base for the agriculture research,
11.9	education, extension, and technology transfer
11.10	program is \$10,352,000 in fiscal year 2026
11.11	and \$10,352,000 in fiscal year 2027.
11.12	(c) \$27,107,000 \$23,332,000 the first year and
11.13	\$23,107,000 the second year are is for the
11.14	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
11.15	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
11.16	41A.12. Except as provided below, the
11.17	commissioner may allocate this appropriation
11.18	each year among the following areas:
11.19	facilitating the start-up, modernization,
11.20	improvement, or expansion of livestock
11.21	operations, including beginning and
11.22	transitioning livestock operations with
11.23	preference given to robotic dairy-milking
11.24	equipment; assisting value-added agricultural
11.25	businesses to begin or expand, to access new
11.26	markets, or to diversify, including aquaponics
11.27	systems, with preference given to hemp fiber
11.28	processing equipment; facilitating the start-up,
11.29	modernization, or expansion of other
11.30	beginning and transitioning farms, including
11.31	by providing loans under Minnesota Statutes,
11.32	section 41B.056; sustainable agriculture
11.33	on-farm research and demonstration; the
11.34	development or expansion of food hubs and
11.35	other alternative community-based food

12.1	distribution systems; enhancing renewable
12.2	energy infrastructure and use; crop research,
12.3	including basic and applied turf seed research;
12.4	Farm Business Management tuition assistance;
12.5	and good agricultural practices and good
12.6	handling practices certification assistance. The
12.7	commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of
12.8	this appropriation for costs incurred to
12.9	administer the program.
12.10	Of the amount appropriated for the agricultural
12.11	growth, research, and innovation program
12.12	under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12:
12.13	(1) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
12.14	the second year are is for distribution in equal
12.15	amounts to each of the state's county fairs to
12.16	preserve and promote Minnesota agriculture;
12.17	(2) \$5,750,000 the first year and \$5,750,000
12.18	the second year are is for incentive payments
12.19	under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41A.16,
12.20	41A.17, 41A.18, and 41A.20. Notwithstanding
12.21	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the first
12.22	year appropriation is available until June 30,
12.23	2025 <del>, and the second year appropriation is</del>
12.24	available until June 30, 2026. If this
12.25	appropriation exceeds the total amount for
12.26	which all producers are eligible in a fiscal
12.27	year, the balance of the appropriation is
12.28	available for other purposes under this
12.29	paragraph. The base under this clause is
12.30	\$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
12.31	thereafter;
12.32	(3) \$3,375,000 the first year and \$3,375,000
12.33	the second year are is for grants that enable
12.34	retail petroleum dispensers, fuel storage tanks,
12.35	and other equipment to dispense biofuels to

the public in accordance with the biofuel 13.1 replacement goals established under 13.2 Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A retail 13.3 petroleum dispenser selling petroleum for use 13.4 in spark ignition engines for vehicle model 13.5 years after 2000 is eligible for grant money 13.6 under this clause if the retail petroleum 13.7 13.8 dispenser has no more than 10 retail petroleum dispensing sites and each site is located in 13.9 Minnesota. The grant money must be used to 13.10 replace or upgrade equipment that does not 13.11 have the ability to be certified for E25. A grant 13.12 award must not exceed 65 percent of the cost 13.13 of the appropriate technology. A grant award 13.14 must not exceed \$200,000 per station. The 13.15 commissioner must cooperate with biofuel 13.16 stakeholders in the implementation of the grant 13.17 program. The commissioner, in cooperation 13.18 with any economic or community development 13.19 financial institution and any other entity with 13.20 which the commissioner contracts, must 13.21 submit a report on the biofuels infrastructure 13.22 financial assistance program by January 15 of 13.23 each year to the chairs and ranking minority 13.24 members of the legislative committees and 13.25 divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture 13.26 policy and finance. The annual report must 13.27 include but not be limited to a summary of the 13.28 following metrics: (i) the number and types 13.29 of projects financed; (ii) the amount of dollars 13.30 leveraged or matched per project; (iii) the 13.31 geographic distribution of financed projects; 13.32 (iv) any market expansion associated with 13.33 upgraded infrastructure; (v) the demographics 13.34 of the areas served; (vi) the costs of the 13.35 program; and (vii) the number of grants to 13.36

14.1	minority-owned or female-owned businesses-
14.2	The base under this clause is \$3,000,000 for
14.3	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter;
14.4	(4) \$1,250,000 the first year and \$1,250,000
14.5	the second year are is for grants to facilitate
14.6	the start-up, modernization, or expansion of
14.7	meat, poultry, egg, and milk processing
14.8	facilities. A grant award under this clause must
14.9	not exceed \$200,000. Any unencumbered
14.10	balance at the end of the second year does not
14.11	cancel until June 30, 2026, and may be used
14.12	for other purposes under this paragraph. The
14.13	base under this clause is \$250,000 in fiscal
14.14	year 2026 and each year thereafter;
14.15	(5) \$1,150,000 the first year and \$1,150,000
14.16	the second year are is for providing more
14.17	fruits, vegetables, meat, poultry, grain, and
14.18	dairy for children in school and early
14.19	childhood education eenters settings,
14.20	including, at the commissioner's discretion,
14.21	providing grants to reimburse schools and
14.22	early childhood education eenters and child
14.23	care providers for purchasing equipment and
14.24	agricultural products. Organizations must
14.25	participate in the National School Lunch
14.26	Program or the Child and Adult Care Food
14.27	Program to be eligible. Of the amount
14.28	appropriated, \$150,000 each year is for a
14.29	statewide coordinator of farm-to-institution
14.30	strategy and programming. The coordinator
14.31	must consult with relevant stakeholders and
14.32	provide technical assistance and training for
14.33	participating farmers and eligible grant
14.34	recipients. The base under this clause is

15.1	\$1,294,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
15.2	thereafter;
15.3	(6) \$4,000,000 the first year is for Dairy
15.4	Assistance, Investment, Relief Initiative
15.5	(DAIRI) grants and other forms of financial
15.6	assistance to Minnesota dairy farms that enroll
15.7	in coverage under a federal dairy risk
15.8	protection program and produced no more
15.9	than 16,000,000 pounds of milk in 2022. The
15.10	commissioner must make DAIRI payments
15.11	based on the amount of milk produced in
15.12	2022, up to 5,000,000 pounds per participating
15.13	farm, at a rate determined by the commissioner
15.14	within the limits of available funding. Any
15.15	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
15.16	end of the first year and is available in the
15.17	second year. Any unencumbered balance at
15.18	the end of the second year does not cancel
15.19	until June 30, 2026, and may be used for other
15.20	purposes under this paragraph. The allocation
15.21	in this clause is onetime;
15.22	(7) (6) \$2,000,000 the first year and
15.23	\$2,000,000 the second year are is for urban
15.24	youth agricultural education or urban
15.25	agriculture community development; and
15.26	(8) (7) \$1,000,000 the first year and
15.27	\$1,000,000 the second year are is for the good
15.28	food access program under Minnesota
15.29	Statutes, section 17.1017-; and
15.30	(8) \$225,000 the first year is to provide grants
15.31	to secondary career and technical education
15.32	programs for the purpose of offering
15.33	instruction in meat cutting and butchery.
15.34	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
15.35	16B.98, subdivision 14, the commissioner may

16.1	use up to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for
16.2	administrative costs. This is a onetime
16.3	appropriation. Grants may be used for costs,
16.4	including but not limited to:
16.5	(i) equipment required for a meat cutting
16.6	program;
16.7	(ii) facility renovation to accommodate meat
16.8	cutting; and
16.9	(iii) training faculty to teach the fundamentals
16.10	of meat processing.
16.11	A grant recipient may be awarded a grant of
16.12	up to \$75,000 and may use up to ten percent
16.13	of the grant for faculty training. Priority may
16.14	be given to applicants who are coordinating
16.15	with meat cutting and butchery programs at
16.16	Minnesota State Colleges and Universities
16.17	institutions or with local industry partners.
16.18	By January 15, 2025, the commissioner must
16.19	report to the chairs and ranking minority
16.20	members of the legislative committees with
16.21	jurisdiction over agriculture finance and
16.22	education finance by listing the grants made
16.23	under this paragraph by county and noting the
16.24	number and amount of grant requests not
16.25	fulfilled. The report may include additional
16.26	information as determined by the
16.27	commissioner, including but not limited to
16.28	information regarding the outcomes produced
16.29	by these grants. If additional grants are
16.30	awarded under this paragraph that were not
16.31	covered in the report due by January 15, 2025,
16.32	the commissioner must submit an additional
16.33	report to the chairs and ranking minority
16.34	members of the legislative committees with

17.1	jurisdiction over agriculture finance and
17.2	education finance regarding all grants issued
17.3	under this paragraph by November 1, 2025.
17.4	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
17.5	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
17.6	cancel at the end of the first year and is
17.7	available for the second year, and
17.8	appropriations encumbered under contract on
17.9	or before June 30, 2025, for agricultural
17.10	growth, research, and innovation grants are
17.11	available until June 30, 2028.
17.12	(d) \$27,457,000 the second year is for the
17.13	agricultural growth, research, and innovation
17.14	program under Minnesota Statutes, section
17.15	41A.12. Except as provided below, the
17.16	commissioner may allocate this appropriation
17.17	among the following areas: facilitating the
17.18	start-up, modernization, improvement, or
17.19	expansion of livestock operations, including
17.20	beginning and transitioning livestock
17.21	operations with preference given to robotic
17.22	dairy-milking equipment; assisting
17.23	value-added agricultural businesses to begin
17.24	or expand, to access new markets, or to
17.25	diversify, including aquaponics systems, with
17.26	preference given to hemp fiber processing
17.27	equipment; facilitating the start-up,
17.28	modernization, or expansion of other
17.29	beginning and transitioning farms, including
17.30	by providing loans under Minnesota Statutes,
17.31	section 41B.056; sustainable agriculture
17.32	on-farm research and demonstration; the
17.33	development or expansion of food hubs and
17.34	other alternative community-based food
17.35	distribution systems; enhancing renewable

18.1	energy infrastructure and use; crop research,
18.2	including basic and applied turf seed research;
18.3	Farm Business Management tuition assistance;
18.4	and good agricultural practices and good
18.5	handling practices certification assistance. The
18.6	commissioner may use up to 6.5 percent of
18.7	this appropriation for costs incurred to
18.8	administer the program.
18.9	Of the amount appropriated for the agricultural
18.10	growth, research, and innovation program
18.11	under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12:
18.12	(1) \$1,000,000 the second year is for
18.13	distribution in equal amounts to each of the
18.14	state's county fairs to preserve and promote
18.15	Minnesota agriculture;
18.16	(2) \$5,750,000 the second year is for incentive
18.17	payments under Minnesota Statutes, sections
18.18	41A.16, 41A.17, 41A.18, and 41A.20.
18.19	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
18.20	16A.28, this appropriation is available until
18.21	June 30, 2027. If this appropriation exceeds
18.22	the total amount for which all producers are
18.23	eligible in a fiscal year, the balance of the
18.24	appropriation is available for other purposes
18.25	under this paragraph. The base under this
18.26	clause is \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
18.27	each year thereafter;
18.28	(3) \$3,375,000 the second year is for grants
18.29	that enable retail petroleum dispensers, fuel
18.30	storage tanks, and other equipment to dispense
18.31	biofuels to the public in accordance with the
18.32	biofuel replacement goals established under
18.33	Minnesota Statutes, section 239.7911. A retail
18.34	petroleum dispenser selling petroleum for use
18.35	in spark ignition engines for vehicle model

19.1	years after 2000 is eligible for grant money
19.2	under this clause if the retail petroleum
19.3	dispenser has no more than ten retail
19.4	petroleum dispensing sites and each site is
19.5	located in Minnesota. The grant money must
19.6	be used to replace or upgrade equipment that
19.7	does not have the ability to be certified for
19.8	E25. A grant award must not exceed 65
19.9	percent of the cost of the appropriate
19.10	technology. A grant award must not exceed
19.11	\$200,000 per station. The commissioner must
19.12	cooperate with biofuel stakeholders in the
19.13	implementation of the grant program. The
19.14	commissioner, in cooperation with any
19.15	economic or community development
19.16	financial institution and any other entity with
19.17	which the commissioner contracts, must
19.18	submit a report on the biofuels infrastructure
19.19	financial assistance program by January 15 of
19.20	each year to the chairs and ranking minority
19.21	members of the legislative committees and
19.22	divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture
19.23	policy and finance. The annual report must
19.24	include but not be limited to a summary of the
19.25	following metrics: (i) the number and types
19.26	of projects financed; (ii) the amount of money
19.27	leveraged or matched per project; (iii) the
19.28	geographic distribution of financed projects;
19.29	(iv) any market expansion associated with
19.30	upgraded infrastructure; (v) the demographics
19.31	of the areas served; (vi) the costs of the
19.32	program; and (vii) the number of grants to
19.33	minority-owned or female-owned businesses.
19.34	The base under this clause is \$3,000,000 for
19.35	fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter;

20.1	(4) \$1,250,000 the second year is for grants
20.2	to facilitate the start-up, modernization, or
20.3	expansion of meat, poultry, egg, and milk
20.4	processing facilities. A grant award under this
20.5	clause must not exceed \$200,000. Any
20.6	unencumbered balance at the end of the second
20.7	year does not cancel until June 30, 2027, and
20.8	may be used for other purposes under this
20.9	paragraph. The base under this clause is
20.10	\$250,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each year
20.11	thereafter;
20.12	(5) \$1,275,000 the second year is for providing
20.13	more fruits, vegetables, meat, poultry, grain,
20.14	and dairy for children in school and early
20.15	childhood education settings, including, at the
20.16	commissioner's discretion, providing grants
20.17	to reimburse schools and early childhood
20.18	education and child care providers for
20.19	purchasing equipment and agricultural
20.20	products. Organizations must participate in
20.21	the National School Lunch Program or the
20.22	Child and Adult Care Food Program to be
20.23	eligible. Of the amount appropriated, \$150,000
20.24	is for a statewide coordinator of
20.25	farm-to-institution strategy and programming.
20.26	The coordinator must consult with relevant
20.27	stakeholders and provide technical assistance
20.28	and training for participating farmers and
20.29	eligible grant recipients. The base under this
20.30	clause is \$1,294,000 in fiscal year 2026 and
20.31	each year thereafter;
20.32	(6) \$4,000,000 the second year is for Dairy
20.33	Assistance, Investment, Relief Initiative
20.34	(DAIRI) grants and other forms of financial
20.35	assistance to Minnesota dairy farms that enroll

21.1	in coverage under a federal dairy risk
21.2	protection program and produced no more
21.3	than 16,000,000 pounds of milk in 2022. The
21.4	commissioner must make DAIRI payments
21.5	based on the amount of milk produced in
21.6	2022, up to 5,000,000 pounds per participating
21.7	farm, at a rate determined by the commissioner
21.8	within the limits of available funding. Any
21.9	unencumbered balance on June 30, 2026, may
21.10	be used for other purposes under this
21.11	paragraph. The allocation in this clause is
21.12	onetime;
21.13	(7) \$2,000,000 the second year is for urban
21.14	youth agricultural education or urban
21.15	agriculture community development;
21.16	(8) \$1,000,000 the second year is for the good
21.17	food access program under Minnesota
21.18	Statutes, section 17.1017; and
21.19	(9) \$225,000 the second year is for the
21.20	protecting livestock grant program for
21.21	producers to support the installation of
21.22	measures to prevent the transmission of avian
21.23	influenza. For the appropriation in this
21.24	paragraph, a grant applicant must document
21.25	a cost-share of 20 percent. An applicant's
21.26	cost-share amount may be reduced up to
21.27	\$2,000 to cover time and labor costs.
21.28	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
21.29	16B.98, subdivision 14, the commissioner may
21.30	use up to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for
21.31	administrative costs. This appropriation is
21.32	available until June 30, 2027. This is a onetime
21.33	appropriation. Notwithstanding Minnesota
21.34	Statutes, section 16A.28, this appropriation
21.35	does not cancel at the end of the second year

22.1	and is available until June 30, 2027.		
22.2	Appropriations encumbered under contract on		
22.3	or before June 30, 2027, for agricultural		
22.4	growth, research, and innovation grants are		
22.5	available until June 30, 2030.		
22.6	(d) (e) The base for the agricultural growth,		
22.7	research, and innovation program is		
22.8	\$16,294,000 \$17,582,000 in fiscal year 2026		
22.9	and each year thereafter and includes \$200,000		
22.10	each year for cooperative development grants.		
22.11 22.12	Subd. 5. Administration and Financial Assistance	16,618,000 16,643,000	14,287,000 14,587,000
22.13	(a) \$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the		
22.14	second year are for payments to county and		
22.15	district agricultural societies and associations		
22.16	under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02,		
22.17	subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and		
22.18	district agricultural societies and associations		
22.19	must be disbursed no later than July 15 of each		
22.20	year. These payments are the amount of aid		
22.21	from the state for an annual fair held in the		
22.22	previous calendar year.		
22.23	(b) \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 the		
22.24	second year are for grants to the Minnesota		
22.25	Agricultural Education and Leadership		
22.26	Council for programs of the council under		
22.27	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D. The base for		
22.28	this appropriation is \$250,000 in fiscal year		
22.29	2026 and each year thereafter.		
22.30	(c) \$2,000 the first year is for a grant to the		
22.31	Minnesota State Poultry Association. This is		
22.32	a onetime appropriation. Notwithstanding		
22.33	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any		
22.34	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the		

23.1	end of the first year and is available for the
23.2	second year.
23.3	(d) \$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the
23.4	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
23.5	Livestock Breeders Association. This is a
23.6	onetime appropriation.
23.7	(e) \$60,000 the first year and \$60,000 the
23.8	second year are for grants to the Northern
23.9	Crops Institute that may be used to purchase
23.10	equipment. This is a onetime appropriation.
23.11	(f) \$34,000 the first year and \$34,000 the
23.12	second year are for grants to the Minnesota
23.13	State Horticultural Society. This is a onetime
23.14	appropriation.
23.15	(g) \$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the
23.16	second year are for grants to the Center for
23.17	Rural Policy and Development. This is a
23.18	onetime appropriation.
23.19	(h) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
23.20	second year are appropriated from the general
23.21	fund to the commissioner of agriculture for
23.22	grants to the Minnesota Turf Seed Council for
23.23	basic and applied research on: (1) the
23.24	improved production of forage and turf seed
23.25	related to new and improved varieties; and (2)
23.26	native plants, including plant breeding,
23.27	nutrient management, pest management,
23.28	disease management, yield, and viability. The
23.29	Minnesota Turf Seed Council may subcontract
23.30	with a qualified third party for some or all of
23.31	the basic or applied research. Any
23.32	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
23.33	end of the first year and is available in the
23.34	second year. The Minnesota Turf Seed Council

24.1	must prepare a report outlining the use of the
24.2	grant money and related accomplishments. No
24.3	later than January 15, 2025, the council must
24.4	submit the report to the chairs and ranking
24.5	minority members of the legislative
24.6	committees and divisions with jurisdiction
24.7	over agriculture finance and policy. This is a
24.8	onetime appropriation.
24.9	(i) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
24.10	second year are for grants to GreenSeam for
24.11	assistance to agriculture-related businesses to
24.12	support business retention and development,
24.13	business attraction and creation, talent
24.14	development and attraction, and regional
24.15	branding and promotion. These are onetime
24.16	appropriations. No later than December 1,
24.17	2024, and December 1, 2025, GreenSeam
24.18	must report to the chairs and ranking minority
24.19	members of the legislative committees with
24.20	jurisdiction over agriculture and rural
24.21	development with information on new and
24.22	existing businesses supported, number of new
24.23	jobs created in the region, new educational
24.24	partnerships and programs supported, and
24.25	regional branding and promotional efforts.
24.26	(j) \$1,950,000 the first year and \$1,950,000
24.27	the second year are for grants to Second
24.28	Harvest Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's
24.29	six Feeding America food banks for the
24.30	following purposes:
24.31	(1) at least \$850,000 each year must be
24.32	allocated to purchase milk for distribution to
24.33	Minnesota's food shelves and other charitable
24.34	organizations that are eligible to receive food
24.35	from the food banks. Milk purchased under

25.1	the grants must be acquired from Minnesota
25.2	milk processors and based on low-cost bids.
25.3	The milk must be allocated to each Feeding
25.4	America food bank serving Minnesota
25.5	according to the formula used in the
25.6	distribution of United States Department of
25.7	Agriculture commodities under The
25.8	Emergency Food Assistance Program. Second
25.9	Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts or
25.10	agreements with food banks for shared funding
25.11	or reimbursement of the direct purchase of
25.12	milk. Each food bank that receives funding
25.13	under this clause may use up to two percent
25.14	for administrative expenses. Notwithstanding
25.15	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any
25.16	unencumbered balance the first year does not
25.17	cancel and is available the second year;
25.18	(2) to compensate agricultural producers and
25.19	processors for costs incurred to harvest and
25.20	package for transfer surplus fruits, vegetables,
25.21	and other agricultural commodities that would
25.22	otherwise go unharvested, be discarded, or be
25.23	sold in a secondary market. Surplus
25.24	commodities must be distributed statewide to
25.25	food shelves and other charitable organizations
25.26	that are eligible to receive food from the food
25.27	banks. Surplus food acquired under this clause
25.28	must be from Minnesota producers and
25.29	processors. Second Harvest Heartland may
25.30	use up to 15 percent of each grant awarded
25.31	under this clause for administrative and
25.32	transportation expenses; and
25.33	(3) to purchase and distribute protein products,
25.34	including but not limited to pork, poultry, beef,
25.35	dry legumes, cheese, and eggs to Minnesota's

26.1	food shelves and other charitable organizations
26.2	that are eligible to receive food from the food
26.3	banks. Second Harvest Heartland may use up
26.4	to two percent of each grant awarded under
26.5	this clause for administrative expenses. Protein
26.6	products purchased under the grants must be
26.7	acquired from Minnesota processors and
26.8	producers.
26.9	Second Harvest Heartland must submit
26.10	quarterly reports to the commissioner and the
26.11	chairs and ranking minority members of the
26.12	legislative committees with jurisdiction over
26.13	agriculture finance in the form prescribed by
26.14	the commissioner. The reports must include
26.15	but are not limited to information on the
26.16	expenditure of funds, the amount of milk or
26.17	other commodities purchased, and the
26.18	organizations to which this food was
26.19	distributed. The base for this appropriation is
26.20	\$1,700,000 for fiscal year 2026 and each year
26.21	thereafter.
26.22	(k) \$25,000 the first year and \$25,000 the
26.23	second year are for grants to the Southern
26.24	Minnesota Initiative Foundation to promote
26.25	local foods through an annual event that raises
26.26	public awareness of local foods and connects
26.27	local food producers and processors with
26.28	potential buyers.
26.29	(l) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the
26.30	second year are for grants to The Good Acre
26.31	for the Local Emergency Assistance Farmer
26.32	Fund (LEAFF) program to compensate
26.33	emerging farmers for crops donated to hunger
26.34	relief organizations in Minnesota. This is a
26.35	onetime appropriation.

(m) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the
second year are to expand the Emerging
Farmers Office and provide services to
beginning and emerging farmers to increase
connections between farmers and market
opportunities throughout the state. This
appropriation may be used for grants,
translation services, training programs, or
other purposes in line with the
recommendations of the Emerging Farmer
Working Group established under Minnesota
Statutes, section 17.055, subdivision 1. The
base for this appropriation is \$1,000,000 in
fiscal year 2026 and each year thereafter.
(n) \$50,000 the first year is to provide
technical assistance and leadership in the
development of a comprehensive and
well-documented state aquaculture plan. The
commissioner must provide the state
aquaculture plan to the legislative committees
with jurisdiction over agriculture finance and
policy by February 15, 2025.
(o) \$337,000 the first year and \$337,000 the
second year are for farm advocate services.
Of these amounts, \$50,000 the first year and
\$50,000 the second year are for the
continuation of the farmland transition
programs and may be used for grants to
farmland access teams to provide technical
assistance to potential beginning farmers.
Farmland access teams must assist existing
farmers and beginning farmers with
transitioning farm ownership and farm
operation. Services provided by teams may
include but are not limited to mediation

28.1	assistance, designing contracts, financial
28.2	planning, tax preparation, estate planning, and
28.3	housing assistance.
28.4	(p) \$260,000 the first year and \$260,000 the
28.5	second year are for a pass-through grant to
28.6	Region Five Development Commission to
28.7	provide, in collaboration with Farm Business
28.8	Management, statewide mental health
28.9	counseling support to Minnesota farm
28.10	operators, families, and employees, and
28.11	individuals who work with Minnesota farmers
28.12	in a professional capacity. Region Five
28.13	Development Commission may use up to 6.5
28.14	percent of the grant awarded under this
28.15	paragraph for administration.
28.16	(q) \$1,000,000 the first year is for transfer to
28.17	the agricultural emergency account established
28.18	under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.041.
28.19	(r) \$1,084,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
28.20	second year are to support IT modernization
28.21	efforts, including laying the technology
28.22	foundations needed for improving customer
28.23	interactions with the department for licensing
28.24	and payments. This is a onetime appropriation.
28.25	(s) \$275,000 the first year is for technical
28.26	assistance grants to certified community
28.27	development financial institutions that
28.28	participate in United States Department of
28.29	Agriculture loan or grant programs for small
28.30	or emerging farmers, including but not limited
28.31	to the Increasing Land, Capital, and Market
28.32	Access Program. For purposes of this
28.33	paragraph, "emerging farmer" has the meaning
28.34	given in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.055,
28.35	subdivision 1. The commissioner may use up

29.1	to 6.5 percent of this appropriation for costs
29.2	incurred to administer the program.
29.3	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
29.4	16A.28, any unencumbered balance does not
29.5	cancel at the end of the first year and is
29.6	available in the second year. This is a onetime
29.7	appropriation.
29.8	(t) \$1,425,000 the first year and \$1,425,000
29.9	the second year are for transfer to the
29.10	agricultural and environmental revolving loan
29.11	account established under Minnesota Statutes,
29.12	section 17.117, subdivision 5a, for low-interest
29.13	loans under Minnesota Statutes, section
29.14	17.117.
29.15	(u) \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the
29.16	second year are for administrative support for
29.17	the Rural Finance Authority.
29.18	(v) The base in fiscal years 2026 and 2027 is
29.19	\$150,000 each year to coordinate
29.20	climate-related activities and services within
29.21	the Department of Agriculture and
29.22	counterparts in local, state, and federal
29.23	agencies and to hire a full-time climate
29.24	implementation coordinator. The climate
29.25	implementation coordinator must coordinate
29.26	efforts seeking federal funding for Minnesota's
29.27	agricultural climate adaptation and mitigation
29.28	efforts and develop strategic partnerships with
29.29	the private sector and nongovernment
29.30	organizations.
29.31	(w) \$1,200,000 the first year and \$930,000 the
29.32	second year are to maintain the current level
29.33	of service delivery. The base for this
29.34	appropriation is \$1,085,000 \$1,065,000 in

30.1	fiscal year 2026 and \$1,085,000 \$1,065,000
30.2	in fiscal year 2027 and each year thereafter.
30.3	(x) \$250,000 the first year is for a grant to the
30.4	Board of Regents of the University of
30.5	Minnesota to purchase equipment for the
30.6	Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory to test for
30.7	chronic wasting disease, African swine fever,
30.8	avian influenza, and other animal diseases.
30.9	The Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory must
30.10	report expenditures under this paragraph to
30.11	the legislative committees with jurisdiction
30.12	over agriculture finance and higher education
30.13	with a report submitted by January 3, 2024,
30.14	and a final report submitted by December 31,
30.15	2024. The reports must include a list of
30.16	equipment purchased, including the cost of
30.17	each item.
30.18	(y) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
30.19	the second year are to award and administer
30.20	down payment assistance grants under
30.21	Minnesota Statutes, section 17.133, with
30.22	priority given to emerging farmers as defined
30.23	in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.055,
30.24	subdivision 1 eligible applicants with no more
30.25	than \$100,000 in annual gross farm product
30.26	sales and eligible applicants who are producers
30.27	of industrial hemp, cannabis, or one or more
30.28	of the following specialty crops as defined by
30.29	the United States Department of Agriculture
30.30	for purposes of the specialty crop block grant
30.31	program: fruits and vegetables, tree nuts, dried
30.32	fruits, medicinal plants, culinary herbs and
30.33	spices, horticulture crops, floriculture crops,
30.34	and nursery crops. Notwithstanding Minnesota
30.35	Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered

31.1	balance at the end of the first year does not
31.2	cancel and is available in the second year and
31.3	appropriations encumbered under contract by
31.4	June 30, 2025, are available until June 30,
31.5	2027.
31.6	(z) \$222,000 the first year and \$322,000 the
31.7	second year are for meat processing training
31.8	and retention incentive grants under section
31.9	5. The commissioner may use up to 6.5
31.10	percent of this appropriation for costs incurred
31.11	to administer the program. Notwithstanding
31.12	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, any
31.13	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
31.14	end of the first year and is available in the
31.15	second year. This is a onetime appropriation.
31.16	(aa) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the
31.17	second year are for transfer to the Board of
31.18	Regents of the University of Minnesota to
31.19	evaluate, propagate, and maintain the genetic
31.20	diversity of oilseeds, grains, grasses, legumes,
31.21	and other plants including flax, timothy,
31.22	barley, rye, triticale, alfalfa, orchard grass,
31.23	clover, and other species and varieties that
31.24	were in commercial distribution and use in
31.25	Minnesota before 1970, excluding wild rice.
31.26	This effort must also protect traditional seeds
31.27	brought to Minnesota by immigrant
31.28	communities. This appropriation includes
31.29	funding for associated extension and outreach
31.30	to small and Black, Indigenous, and People of
31.31	Color (BIPOC) farmers. This is a onetime
31.32	appropriation.
31.33	(bb) \$300,000 the second year is to award and
31.34	administer beginning farmer equipment and
31.35	infrastructure grants under Minnesota Statutes,

05/17/24 **REVISOR** BD/NH BD4942-24 section 17.055. This is a onetime 32.1 32.2 appropriation. (cc) \$25,000 the first year is for the credit 32.3 market report. Notwithstanding Minnesota 32.4 Statutes, section 16A.28, any unencumbered 32.5 balance does not cancel at the end of the first 32.6 year and is available in the second year. This 32.7 32.8 is a onetime appropriation. (bb) (dd) The commissioner shall continue to 32.9 32.10 increase connections with ethnic minority and immigrant farmers to farming opportunities 32.11 and farming programs throughout the state. 32.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 32.13 Sec. 2. Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 1, section 4, is amended to read: 32.14 Sec. 4. AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION 6.143.000 32.15 **RESEARCH INSTITUTE** \$ 6,368,000 \$ 4,343,000 32.16 (a) \$300,000 the first year is for equipment 32.17 upgrades, equipment replacement, installation 32.18 expenses, and laboratory infrastructure at the 32.19 Agricultural Utilization Research Institute's 32.20 laboratories in the cities of Crookston, 32.21 Marshall, and Waseca. 32.22 (b) \$1,500,000 the first year is to replace 32.23 analytical and processing equipment and make 32.24 corresponding facility upgrades at Agricultural 32.25 Utilization Research Institute facilities in the 32.26 cities of Marshall, Crookston, and Waseca. Of 32.27 this amount, up to \$500,000 may be used for 32.28 renewable natural gas and anaerobic digestion 32.29

32.30

32.31

projects. This is a onetime appropriation and

is available until June 30, 2026.

	05/17/24	REVISOR	BD/NH	BD4942-24
33.1	(c) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,0	000 the		
33.2	second year are to maintain the curren	nt level		
33.3	of service delivery.			
33.4	(d) \$225,000 the first year is to suppo	ort food		
33.5	businesses. This is a onetime appropr	riation		
33.6	and is available until June 30, 2026.			
33.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	n is effective the c	lay following final e	enactment.
33.8		ARTICLE 2		
33.9	AGRI	CULTURE POL	ICY	
33.10	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022	section 3 7371 is	s amended by adding	a a cubdivicion
33.11	to read:	, section 3.7371, 1.	amended by adding	g a saoarvision
33.11				
33.12	Subd. 1a. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For pur	poses of this section	on, the following ter	ms have the
33.13	meanings given.			
33.14	(b) "Approved agent" means a per	rson authorized by	the Department of	Agriculture to
33.15	determine if crop or fence damage wa	as caused by elk an	d to assign a moneta	ary value to the
33.16	crop or fence damage.			
33.17	(c) "Commissioner" means the co	mmissioner of agr	iculture or the comr	nissioner's
33.18	authorized representative.			
33.19	(d) "Estimated value" means the c	current value of cro	ops or fencing as de	termined by an
33.20	approved agent.			
33.21	(e) "Owner" means an individual,	firm, corporation,	copartnership, or as	ssociation with
33.22	an interest in crops or fencing damage	-		
33.23	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, se	ction 3.7371, subc	livision 2, is amende	ed to read:
33.24	Subd. 2. Claim form and reporti	ing. (a) The owner	must prepare a clai	m on forms
33.25	provided by the commissioner and ava	ailable on the Depa	rtment of <del>Agricultu</del>	<del>re's</del> Agriculture
33.26	website or by request from the comm	issioner. The elair	n form must be filed	l with the
33.27	commissioner.			
33.28	(b) After discovering crop or fenc	e damage suspecto	ed to be caused by e	lk, an owner

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must promptly notify an approved agent of the damage. To submit a claim for crop or fence

damage caused by elk, an owner must complete the required portions of the claim form

provided by the commissioner. An owner who has submitted a claim must provide an 34.1 approved agent with all information required to investigate the crop or fence damage. 34.2 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, is amended by adding a subdivision to 34.3 read: 34.4 Subd. 2a. Investigation and crop valuation. (a) Upon receiving notification of crop or 34.5 fence damage suspected to be caused by elk, an approved agent must promptly investigate 34.6 the damage in a timely manner. An approved agent must make written findings on the claim 34.7 form regarding whether the crop or fence was destroyed or damaged by elk. The approved 34.8 34.9 agent's findings must be based on physical and circumstantial evidence, including: (1) the condition of the crop or fence; 34.10 34.11 (2) the presence of elk tracks; (3) the geographic area of the state where the crop or fence damage occurred; 34.12 34.13 (4) any sightings of elk in the area; and 34.14 (5) any other circumstances that the approved agent considers to be relevant. (b) The absence of affirmative evidence may be grounds for denial of a claim. 34.15 (c) On a claim form, an approved agent must make written findings of the extent of crop 34.16 or fence damage and, if applicable, the amount of crop destroyed. 34.17 (d) For damage to standing crops, an owner may choose to have the approved agent use 34.18 34.19 the method in clause (1) or (2) to complete the claim form and determine the amount of 34.20 crop loss: 34.21 (1) to submit a claim form to the commissioner at the time that the suspected elk damage is discovered, the approved agent must record on the claim form: (i) the field's potential 34.22 yield per acre; (ii) the field's average yield per acre that is expected on the damaged acres; 34.23 (iii) the estimated value of the crop; and (iv) the total amount of loss. Upon completing the 34.24 claim form, the approved agent must submit the form to the commissioner; or 34.25 (2) to submit a claim form to the commissioner at the time that the crop is harvested, 34.26 the approved agent must record on the claim form at the time of the investigation: (i) the 34.27 34.28 percent of crop loss from damage; (ii) the actual yield of the damaged field when the crop is harvested; (iii) the estimated value of the crop; and (iv) the total amount of loss. Upon 34.29 completing the claim form, the approved agent must submit the form to the commissioner. 34.30

35.1	(e) For damage to stored crops, an approved agent must record on the claim form: (1)
35.2	the type and volume of destroyed stored crops; (2) the estimated value of the crop; and (3)
35.3	the total amount of loss.
35.4	(f) For damage to fencing, an approved agent must record on the claim form: (1) the
35.5	type of materials damaged; (2) the linear feet of the damage; (3) the value of the materials
35.6	per unit according to National Resource Conservation Service specifications; and (4) the
35.7	calculated total damage to the fence.
35.8 35.9	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
35.10	Subd. 2b. Claim form. A completed claim form must be signed by the owner and an
35.11	approved agent. An approved agent must submit the claim form to the commissioner for
35.12	the commissioner's review and payment. The commissioner must return an incomplete claim
35.13	form to the approved agent. When returning an incomplete claim form to an approved agent,
35.14	the commissioner must indicate which information is missing from the claim form.
35.15	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 3.7371, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
35.16	Subd. 3. Compensation. (a) The crop An owner is entitled to the target price or the
35.17	market price, whichever is greater, estimated value of the damaged or destroyed crop plus
35.18	adjustments for yield loss determined according to agricultural stabilization and conservation
35.19	service programs for individual farms, adjusted annually, as determined by the commissioner,
35.20	upon recommendation of the commissioner's approved agent for the owner's county or
35.21	fence. Verification of crop or fence damage or destruction by elk may be provided by
35.22	submitting photographs or other evidence and documentation together with a statement
35.23	from an independent witness using forms prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner,
35.24	upon recommendation of the commissioner's approved agent, shall determine whether the
35.25	crop damage or destruction or damage to or destruction of a fence surrounding a crop or
35.26	pasture is caused by elk and, if so, the amount of the crop or fence that is damaged or
35.27	destroyed. In any fiscal year, an owner may not be compensated for a damaged or destroyed
35.28	crop or fence surrounding a crop or pasture that is less than \$100 in value and may be
35.29	compensated up to \$20,000, as determined under this section, if normal harvest procedures
35.30	for the area are followed. An owner may not be compensated more than \$1,800 per fiscal

(b) In any fiscal year, the commissioner may provide compensation for claims filed under this section up to the amount expressly appropriated for this purpose.

year for damage to fencing surrounding a crop or pasture.

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Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.055, subdivision 3, is amended 36.1 to read: 36.2 Subd. 3. Beginning farmer equipment and infrastructure grants. (a) The commissioner 36.3 may award and administer equipment and infrastructure grants to beginning farmers. The 36.4 commissioner shall give preference to applicants who are emerging farmers experiencing 36.5 limited land access or limited market access as those terms are defined in section 17.133, 36.6 subdivision 1. Grant money may be used for equipment and infrastructure development. 36.7 (b) The commissioner shall develop competitive eligibility criteria and may allocate 36.8 grants on a needs basis. 36.9 (c) Grant projects may continue for up to two years. 36.10 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.116, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 36.11 Subd. 2. Eligibility. (a) Grants may only be made to farmers, and organizations such as 36.12 farms, agricultural cooperatives, educational institutions, individuals at educational 36.13 institutions, or nonprofit organizations, Tribal governments, or local units of government 36.14 residing or located in the state for research or demonstrations on farms in the state. 36.15 (b) Grants may only be made for projects that show: 36.16 (1) the ability to maximize direct or indirect energy savings or production; 36.17 (2) a positive effect or reduced adverse effect on the environment; or 36.18 (3) increased profitability for the individual farm by reducing costs or improving 36.19 marketing opportunities. 36.20 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 17.133, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 36.21 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have 36.22 the meanings given. 36.23 (b) "Eligible farmer" means an individual who at the time that the grant is awarded: 36.24 (1) is a resident of Minnesota who intends to acquire farmland located within the state 36.25 and provide the majority of the day-to-day physical labor and management of the farm; 36.26 (2) grosses no more than \$250,000 per year from the sale of farm products; and 36.27 (3) has not, and whose spouse has not, at any time had a direct or indirect ownership 36.28 36.29 interest in farmland; and

37.1	(4) is not, and whose spouse is not, related by blood or marriage to an owner of the
37.2	farmland that the individual intends to acquire.
37.3	(c) "Farm down payment" means an initial, partial payment required by a lender or seller
37.4	to purchase farmland.
37.5	(d) "Incubator farm" means a farm where:
37.6	(1) individuals are given temporary, exclusive, and affordable access to small parcels
37.7	of land, infrastructure, and often training, for the purpose of honing skills and launching a
37.8	farm business; and
37.9	(2) a majority of the individuals farming the small parcels of land grow industrial hemp,
37.10	cannabis, or one or more of the following specialty crops as defined by the United States
37.11	Department of Agriculture for purposes of the specialty crop block grant program: fruits
37.12	and vegetables, tree nuts, dried fruits, medicinal plants, culinary herbs and spices, horticulture
37.13	crops, floriculture crops, and nursery crops.
37.14	(e) "Limited land access" means farming without ownership of land and:
37.15	(1) the individual or the individual's child rents or leases the land, with the term of each
37.16	rental or lease agreement not exceeding three years in duration, from a person who is not
37.17	related to the individual or the individual's spouse by blood or marriage; or
37.18	(2) the individual rents the land from an incubator farm.
37.19	(f) "Limited market access" means the individual has gross sales of no more than
37.20	\$100,000 per year from the sale of farm products.
37.21	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.133, subdivision 3, is amended
37.22	to read:
37.23	Subd. 3. <b>Report to legislature.</b> No later than December 1, 2023, and annually thereafter,
37.24	the commissioner must provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
	legislative committees having jurisdiction over agriculture and rural development, in
37.25	compliance with sections 3.195 and 3.197, on the farm down payment assistance grants
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37.27	under this section. The report must include:
37.28	(1) background information on beginning farmers in Minnesota and any other information
37.29	that the commissioner and authority find relevant to evaluating the effect of the grants on
37.30	increasing opportunities for and the number of beginning farmers;
37.31	(2) the number and amount of grants;

(3) the geographic distribution of grants by county;

38.2	(4) the number of grant recipients who are emerging farmers;
38.3	(5) the number of grant recipients who were experiencing limited land access or limited
38.4	market access when the grant was awarded;
38.5	(5) (6) disaggregated data regarding the gender, race, and ethnicity of grant recipients;
38.6	(6) (7) the number of farmers who cease to own land and are subject to payment of a
38.7	penalty, along with the reasons for the land ownership cessation; and
38.8	(7) (8) the number and amount of grant applications that exceeded the allocation available
38.9	in each year.
38.10	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.134, subdivision 3, is amended
38.11	to read:
38.12	Subd. 3. <b>Grant eligibility.</b> Any owner or lessee of farmland may apply for a grant under
38.13	this section. The commissioner must give preference to owners and lessees that have not
38.14	previously implemented an eligible project and owners and lessees that are certified or
38.15	assessed and pursuing certification under sections 17.9891 to 17.993. Local government
38.16	units, including cities; towns; counties; soil and water conservation districts; Minnesota
38.17	Tribal governments as defined in section 10.65; and joint powers boards, are also eligible
38.18	for a grant. A local government unit that receives a grant for equipment or technology must
38.19	make those purchases available for use by the public.
38.20	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.134, is amended by adding a
38.21	subdivision to read:
38.22	Subd. 3a. Equipment sales limitation. In addition to the applicable grants management
38.23	requirements imposed under sections 16B.97 to 16B.991, an owner or lessee that receives
38.24	a grant under this section to purchase equipment must certify to the commissioner that the
38.25	owner or lessee will not sell the equipment for at least ten years.
38.26	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 17.710, is amended to read:
38.27	17.710 AGRICULTURAL CONTRACTS.
38.28	(a) A production or marketing contract entered into, renewed, or amended on or after
38.29	July 1, 1999 2024, between an agricultural producer and a processor, marketer, or other
38.30	<u>purchaser</u> of agricultural products, including a cooperative organized under chapter 308A
38.31	or 308B must not contain provisions that prohibit the producer from disclosing terms,

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conditions, and prices contained in the contract. Any provision prohibiting disclosure by the producer is void.

(b) A contract entered into, renewed, or amended on or after July 1, 2023, between an agricultural producer and an entity buying, selling, certifying, or otherwise participating in a market for stored carbon must not contain provisions that prohibit the producer from disclosing terms, conditions, and prices contained in the contract. Any provision prohibiting disclosure by the producer is void.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

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- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 39.11 Subd. 1d. **Application or use of a pesticide.** "Application or use of a pesticide" includes:
- 39.12 (1) the dispersal of a pesticide on, in, at, or directed toward a target site;
- 39.13 (2) preapplication activities that involve the mixing and loading of a restricted use pesticide; and
- (3) other restricted use pesticide-related activities, including but not limited to transporting
   or storing pesticide containers that have been opened; cleaning equipment; and disposing
   of excess pesticides, spray mix, equipment wash waters, pesticide containers, and other
   materials that contain pesticide.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.26, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Discontinuance or cancellation of registration.** (a) To ensure the complete withdrawal from distribution or further use of a pesticide, a person who intends to discontinue a pesticide registration must:
- 39.23 (1) terminate a further distribution within the state and continue to register the pesticide 39.24 annually for two successive years; and
- 39.25 (2) initiate and complete a total recall of the pesticide from all distribution in the state within 60 days from the date of notification to the commissioner of intent to discontinue registration; or.
- 39.28 (3) submit to the commissioner evidence adequate to document that no distribution of the registered pesticide has occurred in the state.
- 39.30 (b) Upon the request of a registrant, the commissioner may immediately cancel
  39.31 registration of a pesticide product. The commissioner may immediately cancel registration

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40.1	of a pesticide product at the commissioner's discretion. When requesting that the
40.2	commissioner immediately cancel registration of a pesticide product, a registrant must
40.3	provide the commissioner with:
40.4	(1) a statement that the pesticide product is no longer in distribution; and
40.5	(2) documentation of pesticide gross sales from the previous year supporting the statement
40.6	under clause (1).
40.7	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.28, is amended by adding a subdivision to
40.8	read:
40.9	Subd. 5. Advisory panel. Before approving the issuance of an experimental use pesticide
40.10	product registration under this section, the commissioner must convene and consider the
40.11	advice of a panel of outside scientific and health experts. The panel must include but is not
40.12	limited to representatives of the Department of Health, the Department of Natural Resources,
40.13	the Pollution Control Agency, and the University of Minnesota.
40.14	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.305, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
40.15	Subd. 2. Training manual and examination development. The commissioner, in
40.16	consultation with University of Minnesota Extension and other higher education institutions,
40.17	shall continually revise and update pesticide applicator training manuals and examinations.
40.18	The manuals and examinations must be written to meet or exceed the minimum competency
40.19	standards required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and pertinent
40.20	state specific information. Pesticide applicator training manuals and examinations must
40.21	meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171.
40.22	Competency standards for training manuals and examinations must be published on the
40.23	Department of Agriculture website. Questions in the examinations must be determined by
40.24	the commissioner in consultation with other responsible agencies. Manuals and examinations
40.25	must include pesticide management practices that discuss prevention of pesticide occurrence
40.26	in groundwater and surface water of the state, and economic thresholds and guidance for
40.27	insecticide use.
40.28	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
40.29	Subdivision 1. Requirement. (a) A person may not engage in structural pest control
40.30	applications:
40.31	(1) for hire without a structural pest control license; and

(2) as a sole proprietorship, company, partnership, or corporation unless the person is or employs a licensed master in structural pest control operations-; and

(3) unless the person is 18 years of age or older.

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- (b) A structural pest control licensee must have a valid license identification card to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 3. **Application.** (a) A person must apply to the commissioner for a structural pest control license on forms and in the manner required by the commissioner. The commissioner shall require the applicant to pass a written, closed-book, monitored examination or oral examination, or both, and may also require a practical demonstration regarding structural pest control. The commissioner shall establish the examination procedure, including the phases and contents of the examination.
  - (b) The commissioner may license a person as a master under a structural pest control license if the person has the necessary qualifications through knowledge and experience to properly plan, determine, and supervise the selection and application of pesticides in structural pest control. To demonstrate the qualifications and become licensed as a master under a structural pest control license, a person must:
- 41.20 (1) pass a closed-book test administered by the commissioner;
  - (2) have direct experience as a licensed journeyman under a structural pest control license for at least two years by this state or a state with equivalent certification requirements or as a full-time licensed master in another state with equivalent certification requirements; and
- 41.24 (3) show practical knowledge and field experience under clause (2) in the actual selection 41.25 and application of pesticides under varying conditions.
- 41.26 (c) The commissioner may license a person as a journeyman under a structural pest 41.27 control license if the person:
- 41.28 (1) has the necessary qualifications in the practical selection and application of pesticides;
- (2) has passed a closed-book examination given by the commissioner; and
- 41.30 (3) is engaged as an employee of or is working under the direction of a person licensed 41.31 as a master under a structural pest control license.

(d) The commissioner may license a person as a fumigator under a structural pest control 42.1 license if the person: 42.2 (1) has knowledge of the practical selection and application of fumigants; 42.3 (2) has passed a closed-book examination given by the commissioner; and 42.4 42.5 (3) is licensed by the commissioner as a master or journeyman under a structural pest control license. 42.6 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 42.7 Subd. 4. Renewal. (a) An applicator may apply to renew a structural pest control 42.8 applicator license may be renewed on or before the expiration of an existing license subject 42.9 to reexamination, attendance at workshops a recertification workshop approved by the 42.10 commissioner, or other requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator 42.11 with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of 42.12 competency and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. A recertification workshop 42.13 must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, 42.14 part 171. Competency standards for a recertification workshop must be published on the 42.15 Department of Agriculture website. If the commissioner requires an applicator to attend a 42.16 recertification workshop and the applicator fails to attend the workshop, the commissioner 42.17 42.18 may require the applicator to pass a reexamination. The commissioner may require an additional demonstration of applicator qualification if the applicator has had a license 42.19 suspended or revoked or has otherwise had a history of violations of this chapter. 42.20 (b) If a person an applicator fails to renew a structural pest control license within three 42.21 months of its expiration, the person applicator must obtain a structural pest control license 42.22 subject to the requirements, procedures, and fees required for an initial license. 42.23 42.24 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.32, subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. Financial responsibility. (a) A structural pest control license may not be issued 42.25 42.26 unless the applicant furnishes proof of financial responsibility. The commissioner may suspend or revoke a structural pest control license if an applicator fails to provide proof of 42.27 financial responsibility upon the commissioner's request. Financial responsibility may be 42.28 demonstrated by: 42.29

- 42.30 (1) proof of net assets equal to or greater than \$50,000; or
- 42.31 (2) a performance bond or insurance of a kind and in an amount determined by the commissioner.

43.1	(b) The bond or insurance must cover a period of time at least equal to the term of the
43.2	applicant's applicator's license. The commissioner must immediately suspend the license
43.3	of a person an applicator who fails to maintain the required bond or insurance. The
43.4	performance bond or insurance policy must contain a provision requiring the insurance or
43.5	bonding company to notify the commissioner by ten days before the effective date of
43.6	cancellation, termination, or any other change of the bond or insurance. If there is recovery
43.7	against the bond or insurance, additional coverage must be secured by the applicator to
43.8	maintain financial responsibility equal to the original amount required.
43.9	(c) An employee of a licensed person is not required to maintain an insurance policy or
43.10	bond during the time the employer is maintaining the required insurance or bond.
43.11	(d) Applications for reinstatement of a license suspended under the provisions of this

- (d) Applications for reinstatement of a license suspended under the provisions of this section must be accompanied by proof of satisfaction of judgments previously rendered.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) A person may not apply a pesticide for hire without a commercial applicator license for the appropriate use categories or a structural pest control license.
  - (b) A commercial applicator licensee must have a valid license identification card to purchase a restricted use pesticide or apply pesticides for hire and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The commissioner shall prescribe the information required on the license identification card.
  - (c) A person licensed under this section is considered qualified and is not required to verify, document, or otherwise prove a particular need prior to use, except as required by the federal label.
- (d) A person who uses a general-use sanitizer or disinfectant for hire in response to
   COVID-19 is exempt from the commercial applicator license requirements under this section.
- (e) A person licensed under this section must be 18 years of age or older.
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.33, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 5. **Renewal application.** (a) A person An applicator must apply to the commissioner to renew a commercial applicator license. The commissioner may renew a commercial applicator license accompanied by the application fee, subject to reexamination, attendance at workshops a recertification workshop approved by the commissioner, or other

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requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of competence and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. The applicant A recertification workshop must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. Competency standards for a recertification workshop must be published on the Department of Agriculture website. Upon the receipt of an applicator's renewal application, the commissioner may require the applicator to attend a recertification workshop. Depending on the application category, the commissioner may require an applicator to complete a recertification workshop once per year, once every two years, or once every three years. If the commissioner requires an applicator to attend a recertification workshop and the applicator fails to attend the workshop, the commissioner may require the applicator to pass a reexamination. An applicator may renew a commercial applicator license within 12 months after expiration of the license without having to meet initial testing requirements. The commissioner may require an additional demonstration of applicator qualification if a person the applicator has had a license suspended or revoked or has had a history of violations of this chapter.

- (b) An applicant applicator that meets renewal requirements by reexamination instead of attending workshops a recertification workshop must pay the equivalent workshop fee for the reexamination as determined by the commissioner.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.33, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 6. **Financial responsibility.** (a) A commercial applicator license may not be issued unless the applicant furnishes proof of financial responsibility. The commissioner may suspend or revoke an applicator's commercial applicator license if the applicator fails to provide proof of financial responsibility upon the commissioner's request. Financial responsibility may be demonstrated by: (1) proof of net assets equal to or greater than \$50,000; or (2) by a performance bond or insurance of the kind and in an amount determined by the commissioner.
  - (b) The bond or insurance must cover a period of time at least equal to the term of the applicant's applicator's license. The commissioner must immediately suspend the license of a person an applicator who fails to maintain the required bond or insurance. The performance bond or insurance policy must contain a provision requiring the insurance or bonding company to notify the commissioner by ten days before the effective date of cancellation, termination, or any other change of the bond or insurance. If there is recovery

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against the bond or insurance, additional coverage must be secured by the applicator to maintain financial responsibility equal to the original amount required.

- (c) An employee of a licensed <u>person</u> <u>applicator</u> is not required to maintain an insurance policy or bond during the time the employer is maintaining the required insurance or bond.
- (d) Applications for reinstatement of a license suspended under the provisions of this section must be accompanied by proof of satisfaction of judgments previously rendered.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) Except for a licensed commercial applicator, certified private applicator, or licensed structural pest control applicator, a person, including a government employee, may not purchase or use a restricted use pesticide in performance of official duties without having a noncommercial applicator license for an appropriate use category.
  - (b) A licensee must have a valid license identification card when applying pesticides and must display it upon demand by an authorized representative of the commissioner or a law enforcement officer. The license identification card must contain information required by the commissioner.
  - (c) A person licensed under this section is considered qualified and is not required to verify, document, or otherwise prove a particular need prior to use, except as required by the federal label.
    - (d) A person licensed under this section must be 18 years of age or older.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.34, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 4. **Renewal.** (a) A person An applicator must apply to the commissioner to renew a noncommercial applicator license. The commissioner may renew a license subject to reexamination, attendance at workshops a recertification workshop approved by the commissioner, or other requirements imposed by the commissioner to provide the applicator with information regarding changing technology and to help assure a continuing level of competence and ability to use pesticides safely and properly. A recertification workshop must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. Competency standards for a recertification website must be published on the Department of Agriculture website. Upon the receipt of an applicator's renewal application, the commissioner may require the applicator to attend a recertification workshop. Depending on the application category, the commissioner may require an applicator to complete a

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recertification workshop once per year, once every two years, or once every three years. If the commissioner requires an applicator to attend a recertification workshop and the applicator fails to attend the workshop, the commissioner may require the applicator to pass a reexamination. The commissioner may require an additional demonstration of applicator qualification if the applicator has had a license suspended or revoked or has otherwise had a history of violations of this chapter.

- (b) An applicant applicator that meets renewal requirements by reexamination instead of attending workshops a recertification workshop must pay the equivalent workshop fee for the reexamination as determined by the commissioner.
- (c) An applicant applicator has 12 months to renew the license after expiration without having to meet initial testing requirements.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** (a) The commissioner may establish categories of structural pest control, commercial applicator, and noncommercial applicator licenses for administering and enforcing this chapter., and private applicator certification consistent with federal requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 171.101 and 171.105, including but not limited to the federal categories that are applicable to the state. Application categories must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. Competency standards for application categories must be published on the Department of Agriculture website. The categories may include pest control operators and ornamental, agricultural, aquatic, forest, and right-of-way pesticide applicators. Separate subclassifications of categories may be specified as to ground, aerial, or manual methods to apply pesticides or to the use of pesticides to control insects, plant diseases, rodents, or weeds.
  - (b) Each category is subject to separate testing procedures and requirements.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) Except for a licensed commercial or noncommercial applicator, only a certified private applicator may use a restricted use pesticide to produce an agricultural commodity:
- 46.30 (1) as a traditional exchange of services without financial compensation;
- (2) on a site owned, rented, or managed by the person or the person's employees; or

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(3) when the private applicator is one of two or fewer employees and the owner or operator is a certified private applicator or is licensed as a noncommercial applicator.

- (b) A person may not purchase a restricted use pesticide without presenting a license card, certified private applicator card, or the card number.
- (c) A person certified under this section is considered qualified and is not required to verify, document, or otherwise prove a particular need prior to use, except as required by the federal label.
  - (d) A person certified under this section must be 18 years of age or older.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.36, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 2. Certification. (a) The commissioner shall prescribe certification requirements and provide training that meets or exceeds United States Environmental Protection Agency standards to certify private applicators and provide information relating to changing technology to help ensure a continuing level of competency and ability to use pesticides properly and safely. Private applicator certification requirements and training must meet or exceed the competency standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171.

    Competency standards for private applicator certification and training must be published on the Department of Agriculture website. The training may be done through cooperation with other government agencies and must be a minimum of three hours in duration.
  - (b) A person must apply to the commissioner for certification as a private applicator. After completing the certification requirements, which must include an a proctored examination as determined by the commissioner, an applicant must be certified as a private applicator to use restricted use pesticides. The certification shall expire March 1 of the third calendar year after the initial year of certification.
- (c) The commissioner shall issue a private applicator card to a private applicator.
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Commercial and noncommercial applicators. (a) A commercial or noncommercial applicator, or the applicator's authorized agent, must maintain a record of pesticides used on each site. Noncommercial applicators must keep records of restricted use pesticides. The record must include the:
- 47.30 (1) date of the pesticide use;
- 47.31 (2) time the pesticide application was completed;

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- (3) brand name of the pesticide, the United States Environmental Protection Agency 48.1 registration number, and rate used; 48.2 (4) number of units treated; 48.3 (5) temperature, wind speed, and wind direction; 48.4 (6) location of the site where the pesticide was applied; 48.5 (7) name and address of the customer; 48.6 (8) name of applicator, name of company, license number of applicator, and address of 48.7 applicator company; and 48.8 (9) any other information required by the commissioner. 48.9 (b) Portions of records not relevant to a specific type of application may be omitted upon 48.10 approval from the commissioner. 48.11 (c) All information for this record requirement must be contained in a document for each 48.12 pesticide application, except a map may be attached to identify treated areas. An invoice 48.13 containing the required information may constitute the required record. The commissioner 48.14 shall make sample forms available to meet the requirements of this paragraph. 48.15 (d) The record must be completed no later than five days after the application of the 48.16 pesticide. 48.17 (e) A commercial applicator must give a copy of the record to the customer. 48.18 (f) Records must be retained by the applicator, company, or authorized agent for five 48.19 years after the date of treatment. 48.20 (g) A record of a commercial or noncommercial applicator must meet or exceed the 48.21 requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171. 48.22 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18B.37, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 48.23 Subd. 3. Structural pest control applicators. (a) A structural pest control applicator 48.24 must maintain a record of each structural pest control application conducted by that person 48.25 or by the person's employees. The record must include the: 48.26 48.27 (1) date of structural pest control application; (2) target pest; 48.28
- Article 2 Sec. 30.

registration number, and amount used;

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(3) brand name of the pesticide, United States Environmental Protection Agency

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- (5) time the pesticide application was completed;
- 49.3 (6) name and address of the customer;

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- 49.4 (7) name of structural pest control applicator, name of company and address of applicator 49.5 or company, and license number of applicator; and
- 49.6 (8) any other information required by the commissioner.
  - (b) All information for this record requirement must be contained in a document for each pesticide application. An invoice containing the required information may constitute the record.
- 49.10 (c) The record must be completed no later than five days after the application of the pesticide.
- (d) Records must be retained for five years after the date of treatment.
  - (e) A copy of the record must be given to a person who ordered the application that is present at the site where the structural pest control application is conducted, placed in a conspicuous location at the site where the structural pest control application is conducted immediately after the application of the pesticides, or delivered to the person who ordered an application or the owner of the site. The commissioner must make sample forms available that meet the requirements of this subdivision.
  - (f) A structural applicator must post in a conspicuous place inside a renter's apartment where a pesticide application has occurred a list of postapplication precautions contained on the label of the pesticide that was applied in the apartment and any other information required by the commissioner.
- 49.23 (g) A record of a structural applicator must meet or exceed the requirements in Code of 49.24 Federal Regulations, title 40, part 171.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- 49.27 Subd. 1c. Beneficial substance. "Beneficial substance" means any substance or
  49.28 compound other than a primary, secondary, and micro plant nutrient, and excluding
  49.29 pesticides, that can be demonstrated by scientific research to be beneficial to one or more
  49.30 species of plants, soil, or media.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.005, subdivision 33, is amended to read:

Subd. 33. **Soil amendment.** "Soil amendment" means a substance intended to improve the structural, physical, chemical, biochemical, or biological characteristics of the soil or modify organic matter at or near the soil surface, except fertilizers, agricultural liming materials, pesticides, and other materials exempted by the commissioner's rules.

- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.115, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Adoption of national standards.** Applicable national standards contained in the 1996 official publication, number 49, most recently published version of the official publication of the Association of American Plant Food Control Officials including the rules and regulations, statements of uniform interpretation and policy, and the official fertilizer terms and definitions, and not otherwise adopted by the commissioner, may be adopted as fertilizer rules of this state.
- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.215, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Packaged fertilizers.** (a) A person may not sell or distribute specialty fertilizer in bags or other containers in this state unless a label is placed on or affixed to the bag or container stating in a clear, legible, and conspicuous form the following information:
  - (1) the net weight and volume, if applicable;
- 50.18 (2) the brand and grade, except the grade is not required if primary nutrients are not claimed;
- 50.20 (3) the guaranteed analysis;

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- 50.21 (4) the name and address of the guarantor;
- 50.22 (5) directions for use, except directions for use are not required for custom blend specialty fertilizers; and
- 50.24 (6) a derivatives statement.
- (b) A person may not sell or distribute fertilizer for agricultural purposes in bags or other containers in this state unless a label is placed on or affixed to the bag or container stating in a clear, legible, and conspicuous form the information listed in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4), except:
- 50.29 (1) the grade is not required if primary nutrients are not claimed; and

(2) the grade on the label is optional if the fertilizer is used only for agricultural purposes 51.1 and the guaranteed analysis statement is shown in the complete form as in section 18C.211. 51.2 (c) The labeled information must appear: 51.3 (1) on the front or back side of the container; 51.4 (2) on the upper one-third of the side of the container; 51.5 (3) on the upper end of the container; or 51.6 (4) printed on a tag affixed to the upper end of the container. 51.7 (d) If a person sells a custom blend specialty fertilizer in bags or other containers, the 51.8 information required in paragraph (a) must either be affixed to the bag or container as 51.9 required in paragraph (c) or be furnished to the customer on an invoice or delivery ticket 51.10 in written or printed form. 51.11 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.221, is amended to read: 51.12 18C.221 FERTILIZER PLANT FOOD CONTENT. 51.13 (a) Products that are deficient in plant food content are subject to this subdivision. 51.14 (b) An analysis must show that a fertilizer is deficient: 51.15 (1) in one or more of its guaranteed primary plant nutrients beyond the investigational 51.16 allowances and compensations as established by regulation; or 51.17 (2) if the overall index value of the fertilizer is shown below the level established by 51.18 rule. 51.19 (c) A deficiency in an official sample of mixed fertilizer resulting from nonuniformity 51.20 is not distinguishable from a deficiency due to actual plant nutrient shortage and is properly 51.21 subject to official action. 51.22 (d) For the purpose of determining the commercial index value to be applied, the 51.23 commissioner shall determine at least annually the values per unit of nitrogen, available 51.24 phosphoric acid phosphate, and soluble potash in fertilizers in this state. 51.25 (e) If a fertilizer in the possession of the consumer is found by the commissioner to be 51.26

Article 2 Sec. 35.

notice from the commissioner.

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short in weight, the registrant or licensee of the fertilizer must submit a penalty payment of

two times the value of the actual shortage to the consumer within 30 days after official

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Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

- Subd. 6. **Payment of inspection fee.** (a) The person who registers and distributes in the state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.
- (b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
- (c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay the inspection fee set under paragraph (e), and until June 30, 2024 2029, an additional 40 cents per ton, of fertilizer, soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum of \$10 on all tonnage reports. Notwithstanding section 18C.131, the commissioner must deposit all revenue from the additional 40 cents per ton fee in the agricultural fertilizer research and education account in section 18C.80. Products sold or distributed to manufacturers or exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by this subdivision if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes.
- (d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period of three years.
- (e) By commissioner's order, the commissioner must set the inspection fee at no less than 39 cents per ton and no more than 70 cents per ton. The commissioner must hold a public meeting before increasing the fee by more than five cents per ton.
- 52.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.70, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Establishment; membership.** (a) The Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer
  Research and Education Council is established. The council is composed of <u>12 15</u> voting
  members as follows:
- 52.29 (1) two members one member of the Minnesota Crop Production Retailers;
- 52.30 (2) one member of the Minnesota Corn Growers Association;
- 52.31 (3) one member of the Minnesota Soybean Growers Association;
- 52.32 (4) one member of the sugar beet growers industry;

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53.1	(5) one member of the Minnesota Association of Wheat Growers;
53.2	(6) one member of the potato growers industry;
53.3	(7) one member of the Minnesota Farm Bureau;
53.4	(8) one member of the Minnesota Farmers Union;
53.5	(9) one member from the Minnesota Irrigators Association;
53.6	(10) one member of the Minnesota Grain and Feed Association; and
53.7	(11) one member of the Minnesota Independent Crop Consultant Association or the
53.8	Minnesota certified crop advisor program;
53.9	(12) one member representing the Minnesota Institute for Sustainable Agriculture;
53.10	(13) one member of the Minnesota Soil Health Coalition;
53.11	(14) one member who is an expert in public health; and
53.12	(15) one member who is an expert in water quality and has performed scientific research
53.13	on water issues.
53.14	(b) Council members shall serve three-year terms. After the initial council is appointed,
53.15	subsequent appointments must be staggered so that one-third of council membership is
53.16	replaced each year. Council members must be nominated by their organizations and appointed
53.17	by the commissioner and, except for the members specified under paragraph (a), clauses
53.18	(14) and (15), nominated by their organizations. The council may add ex officio members
53.19	at its discretion. The council must meet at least once per year, with all related expenses
53.20	reimbursed by members' sponsoring organizations or by the members themselves.
53.21	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.70, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
53.22	Subd. 5. <b>Expiration.</b> This section expires June 30, 2025 2030.
53.23	Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.71, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
53.24	Subdivision 1. Eligible projects. Eligible project activities include research, education,
53.25	and technology transfer related to the production and application of fertilizer, soil
53.26	amendments, and other plant amendments, regenerative agriculture, and the protection of
53.27	clean water. Chosen projects must contain a component of outreach that achieves a timely
53.28	dissemination of findings and their applicability to the production agricultural community
53.29	or metropolitan fertilizer users.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.71, is amended by adding a subdivision to 54.1 54.2 read: Subd. 1a. **Priorities and guidance.** The council must develop or update research priorities 54.3 and request guidance related to: 54.4 54.5 (1) the availability of nitrogen by manure type and livestock species based on management; and 54.6 54.7 (2) manure management and fertilizer best management practices for areas where surface water or groundwater are vulnerable to nitrate losses, including the adjustment of practices 54.8 based on vulnerability such as coarse textured soils, soils with shallow bedrock, and karst 54.9 geology. 54.10Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.71, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 54.11 Subd. 2. Awarding grants. Applications for program grants must be submitted in the 54.12 form prescribed by the Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer Research and Education Council. 54.13 Applications must be submitted on or before the deadline prescribed by the council. All 54.14 applications are subject to a thorough in-state review by a peer committee established and 54.15 approved by the council. Each project meeting the basic qualifications is subject to a yes 54.16 or no vote by each council member. Projects chosen to receive funding must achieve an 54.17 54.18 affirmative vote from at least eight ten of the 12 15 council members or two-thirds of voting members present. Projects awarded program funds must submit an annual progress report 54.19 in the form prescribed by the council. 54.20 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.71, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 54.21 Subd. 4. Expiration. This section expires June 30, <del>2025</del> 2030. 54.22 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18C.80, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 54.23 Subd. 2. Expiration. This section expires June 30, <del>2025</del> 2030. 54.24 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 18D.301, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 54.25 Subdivision 1. Enforcement required. (a) The commissioner shall enforce this chapter 54.26 and chapters 18B, 18C, and 18F. 54.27 (b) Violations of chapter 18B, 18C, or 18F or rules adopted under chapter 18B, 18C, or 54.28 54.29 18F, or section 103H.275, subdivision 2, are a violation of this chapter.

(c) Upon the request of the commissioner, county attorneys, sheriffs, and other officers having authority in the enforcement of the general criminal laws shall take action to the extent of their authority necessary or proper for the enforcement of this chapter or special orders, standards, stipulations, and agreements of the commissioner.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 18K.06, is amended to read:

#### 18K.06 RULEMAKING.

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- (a) The commissioner shall adopt rules governing the production, testing, processing, and licensing of industrial hemp. Notwithstanding the two-year limitation for exempt rules under section 14.388, subdivision 1, Minnesota Rules, chapter 1565, published in the State Register on August 16, 2021, is effective until August 16, 2025, or until permanent rules implementing chapter 18K are adopted, whichever occurs first may adopt or amend rules governing the production, testing, processing, and licensing of industrial hemp using the procedure in section 14.386, paragraph (a). Section 14.386, paragraph (b), does not apply to rules adopted or amended under this section.
- (b) Rules adopted under paragraph (a) must include but not be limited to provisions governing:
- (1) the supervision and inspection of industrial hemp during its growth and harvest; 55.17
  - (2) the testing of industrial hemp to determine delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol levels;
- 55.19 (3) the use of background check results required under section 18K.04 to approve or deny a license application; and 55.20
  - (4) any other provision or procedure necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- (c) Rules issued under this section must be consistent with federal law regarding the 55.22 production, distribution, and sale of industrial hemp. 55.23
- Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.10, is amended to read: 55.24

## 28A.10 POSTING OF LICENSE; RULES.

All such licenses shall be issued for a period of one year and shall be posted or displayed 55.26 in a conspicuous place at the place of business so licensed. Except as provided in sections 55.27 29.22, subdivision 4 and 31.39, all such license fees and penalties collected by the 55.28 commissioner shall be deposited into the state treasury and credited to the general fund. 55.29 55.30 The commissioner may adopt such rules in conformity with law as the commissioner deems necessary to effectively and efficiently carry out the provisions of sections 28A.01 to 28A.16.

56.1	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
56.2	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have
56.3	the meanings given them.
56.4	(b) "Farmers' market" means an association of three or more persons who assemble at
56.5	a defined location that is open to the public for the purpose of selling directly to the consumer
56.6	the products of a farm or garden occupied and cultivated by the person selling the product.
56.7	(c) "Food product sampling" means distributing to individuals at a farmers' market or
56.8	community event, for promotional or educational purposes, small portions of a food item
56.9	that include as a main ingredient a product sold by the vendor at the farmers' market or
56.10	community event. For purposes of this subdivision, "small portion" means a portion that is
56.11	no more than three ounces of food or beverage.
56.12	(d) "Food product demonstration" means cooking or preparing food products to distribute
56.13	to individuals at a farmers' market or community event for promotional or educational
56.14	purposes.
56.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
56.16	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
56.16 56.17	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
56.16	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:  Subd. 2. <b>Food sampling and demonstration.</b> (a) Food used in sampling and
56.16 56.17 56.18	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:  Subd. 2. <b>Food sampling and demonstration.</b> (a) Food used in sampling and demonstration must be obtained from sources that comply with Minnesota Food Law.
56.16 56.17 56.18	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:  Subd. 2. <b>Food sampling and demonstration.</b> (a) Food used in sampling and demonstration must be obtained from sources that comply with Minnesota Food Law.  (b) Raw animal, raw poultry, and raw fish products must not be served as samples.
56.16 56.17 56.18 56.19	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:  Subd. 2. Food sampling and demonstration. (a) Food used in sampling and demonstration must be obtained from sources that comply with Minnesota Food Law.  (b) Raw animal, raw poultry, and raw fish products must not be served as samples.  (c) Food product sampling or food product demonstrations, including cooked animal,
56.16 56.17 56.18 56.19 56.20	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:  Subd. 2. Food sampling and demonstration. (a) Food used in sampling and demonstration must be obtained from sources that comply with Minnesota Food Law.  (b) Raw animal, raw poultry, and raw fish products must not be served as samples.  (c) Food product sampling or food product demonstrations, including cooked animal, poultry, or fish products, must be prepared on site at the event.
56.16 56.17 56.18 56.19 56.20 56.21	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:  Subd. 2. Food sampling and demonstration. (a) Food used in sampling and demonstration must be obtained from sources that comply with Minnesota Food Law.  (b) Raw animal, raw poultry, and raw fish products must not be served as samples.  (c) Food product sampling or food product demonstrations, including cooked animal, poultry, or fish products, must be prepared on site at the event.  (d) Animal or poultry products used for food product sampling or food product
56.16 56.17 56.18 56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:  Subd. 2. Food sampling and demonstration. (a) Food used in sampling and demonstration must be obtained from sources that comply with Minnesota Food Law.  (b) Raw animal, raw poultry, and raw fish products must not be served as samples.  (c) Food product sampling or food product demonstrations, including cooked animal, poultry, or fish products, must be prepared on site at the event.  (d) Animal or poultry products used for food product sampling or food product demonstrations must be from animals slaughtered under continuous inspection, either by
56.16 56.17 56.18 56.19 56.20 56.21 56.22 56.23	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:  Subd. 2. Food sampling and demonstration. (a) Food used in sampling and demonstration must be obtained from sources that comply with Minnesota Food Law.  (b) Raw animal, raw poultry, and raw fish products must not be served as samples.  (c) Food product sampling or food product demonstrations, including cooked animal, poultry, or fish products, must be prepared on site at the event.  (d) Animal or poultry products used for food product sampling or food product demonstrations must be from animals slaughtered under continuous inspection, either by the USDA or through Minnesota's "Equal-to" inspection program.

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**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 57.1 Subd. 3. Food required to be provided at no cost. Food provided through food product 57.2 sampling or food product demonstrations must be provided at no cost to the individual 57.3 recipient of a sample. 57.4 57.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 57.6 Subd. 5. Food safety and equipment standards. (a) Any person conducting food 57.7 product sampling or food product demonstrations shall meet the same food safety and 57.8 equipment standards that are required of a special event food stand in Minnesota Rules, 57.9 parts 4626.1855, items B to O, Q, and R; and 4626.0330. 57.10 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a handwashing device is not required when only 57.11 prepackaged food samples are offered. 57.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 57.13 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.151, is amended by adding a subdivision 57.14 to read: 57.15 Subd. 7. Signage. A food product provided through food product sampling or food 57.16 product demonstrations must be accompanied by a legible sign or placard that lists the 57.17 product's ingredients and major food allergens. 57.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 57.19 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 28A.21, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 57.20 Subd. 6. Expiration. This section expires June 30, <del>2027</del> 2037. 57.21 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 31.74, is amended to read: 57.22 31.74 SALE OF IMITATION HONEY. 57.23 Subdivision 1. Honey defined. As used in this section "honey" means the nectar and 57.24 saccharine exudation of plants, gathered, modified and stored in the comb by honey bees, 57.25 which is levorotatory, contains not more than 25 percent of water, not more than 25/100 57.26 percent of ash, and not more than eight percent sucrose. 57.27 Subd. 2. **Prohibited sale.** Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, it is unlawful 57.28

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for any person to sell or offer for sale any product which is in semblance of honey and which

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is labeled, advertised, or otherwise represented to be honey, if it is not honey. The word 58.1 "imitation" shall not be used in the name of a product which is in semblance of honey 58.2 whether or not it contains any honey. The label for a product which is not in semblance of 58.3 honey and which contains honey may include the word "honey" in the name of the product 58.4 and the relative position of the word "honey" in the product name, and in the list of 58.5 ingredients, when required, shall be determined by its prominence as an ingredient in the 58.6 product. 58.7 58.8 Subd. 4. Food consisting of honey and another sweetener. Consistent with the federal act, the federal regulations incorporated under section 31.101, subdivision 7, and the 58.9 prohibition against misbranding in sections 31.02 and 34A.03, the label for a food in 58.10 semblance of honey and consisting of honey and another sweetener must include but is not 58.11 limited to the following elements: 58.12 (1) a statement of identity that accurately identifies or describes the nature of the food 58.13 or its characterizing properties or ingredients; and 58.14 (2) the common or usual name of each ingredient in the ingredient statement, in 58.15 descending order of predominance by weight. 58.16 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 31.94, is amended to read: 58.17 31.94 ORGANIC AGRICULTURE; COMMISSIONER DUTIES. 58.18 58.19 (a) In order to promote opportunities for organic agriculture in Minnesota, the commissioner shall: 58.20 (1) survey producers and support services and organizations to determine information 58.21 and research needs in the area of organic agriculture practices; 58.22 (2) work with the University of Minnesota and other research and education institutions 58.23 to demonstrate the on-farm applicability of organic agriculture practices to conditions in 58.24 this state; 58.25 (3) direct the programs of the department so as to work toward the promotion of organic 58.26 agriculture in this state; 58.27 (4) inform agencies about state or federal programs that support organic agriculture 58.28 practices; and 58.29 (5) work closely with producers, producer organizations, the University of Minnesota, 58.30 and other appropriate agencies and organizations to identify opportunities and needs as well

as ensure coordination and avoid duplication of state agency efforts regarding research, teaching, marketing, and extension work relating to organic agriculture.

- (b) By November 15 of each year that ends in a zero or a five, the commissioner, in conjunction with the task force created in paragraph (c), shall report on the status of organic agriculture in Minnesota to the legislative policy and finance committees and divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture. The report must include available data on organic acreage and production, available data on the sales or market performance of organic products, and recommendations regarding programs, policies, and research efforts that will benefit Minnesota's organic agriculture sector.
- (c) A Minnesota Organic Advisory Task Force shall advise the commissioner and the University of Minnesota on policies and programs that will improve organic agriculture in Minnesota, including how available resources can most effectively be used for outreach, education, research, and technical assistance that meet the needs of the organic agriculture sector. The task force must consist of the following residents of the state:
- 59.15 (1) three organic farmers;

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- 59.16 (2) one wholesaler or distributor of organic products;
- 59.17 (3) one representative of organic certification agencies;
- 59.18 (4) two organic processors;
- 59.19 (5) one representative from University of Minnesota Extension;
- 59.20 (6) one University of Minnesota faculty member;
- 59.21 (7) one representative from a nonprofit organization representing producers;
- 59.22 (8) two public members;
- 59.23 (9) one representative from the United States Department of Agriculture;
- 59.24 (10) one retailer of organic products; and
- 59.25 (11) one organic consumer representative.
- 59.26 The commissioner, in consultation with the director of the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment
- 59.27 Station; the dean and director of University of Minnesota Extension and the dean of the
- 59.28 College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences, shall appoint members to
- 59.29 serve three-year terms.
- 59.30 Compensation and removal of members are governed by section 15.059, subdivision 6.
- The task force must meet at least twice each year and expires on June 30, <del>2024</del> 2034.

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- (d) For the purposes of expanding, improving, and developing production and marketing of the organic products of Minnesota agriculture, the commissioner may receive funds from state and federal sources and spend them, including through grants or contracts, to assist producers and processors to achieve certification, to conduct education or marketing activities, to enter into research and development partnerships, or to address production or marketing obstacles to the growth and well-being of the industry.
- (e) The commissioner may facilitate the registration of state organic production and handling operations including those exempt from organic certification according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 205.101, and accredited certification agencies operating within the state.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 32D.30, is amended to read:

### 32D.30 DAIRY DEVELOPMENT AND PROFITABILITY ENHANCEMENT.

Subdivision 1. **Program.** The commissioner must implement a dairy development and profitability enhancement program consisting of <u>a</u> dairy profitability enhancement teams and program, dairy business planning grants, and other services to support the dairy industry.

- Subd. 2. **Dairy profitability enhancement teams program.** (a) The dairy profitability enhancement teams program must provide one-on-one information and technical assistance to dairy farms of all sizes to enhance their financial success and long-term sustainability. Teams The program must assist dairy producers in all dairy-producing regions of the state and. Assistance to producers from the program may eonsist of be provided individually, as a team, or through other methods by farm business management instructors, dairy extension specialists, and other dairy industry partners. Teams The program may engage in activities including such as comprehensive financial analysis, risk management education, enhanced milk marketing tools and technologies, and facilitating or improving production systems, including rotational grazing and other sustainable agriculture methods, and value-added opportunities.
- (b) The commissioner must make grants to regional or statewide organizations qualified to manage the various components of the teams program and serve as program administrators. Each regional or statewide organization must designate a coordinator responsible for overseeing the program and submitting periodic reports to the commissioner regarding aggregate changes in producer financial stability, productivity, product quality, animal health, environmental protection, and other performance measures attributable to the program.

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The organizations must submit this information in a format that maintains the confidentiality of individual dairy producers.

- Subd. 3. **Dairy business planning grants.** The commissioner may award dairy business planning grants of up to \$5,000 per producer or dairy processor to develop comprehensive business plans use technical assistance services for evaluating operations, transitional changes, expansions, improvements, and other business modifications. Producers and processors must not use dairy business planning grants for capital improvements.
- Subd. 4. **Funding allocation.** Except as specified in law, the commissioner may allocate dairy development and profitability enhancement program dollars among for the permissible uses specified in this section and other needs to support the dairy industry, including efforts to improve the quality of milk produced in the state, in the proportions that the commissioner deems most beneficial to the state's dairy farmers.
- Subd. 5. **Reporting.** No later than July 1 each year, the commissioner must submit a detailed accomplishment report and work plan detailing future plans for, and the actual and anticipated accomplishments from, expenditures under this section to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture policy and finance. If the commissioner significantly modifies a submitted work plan during the fiscal year, the commissioner must notify the chairs and ranking minority members.
- Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.039, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **State participation.** The state may participate in a new real estate loan with an eligible lender to a beginning farmer to the extent of 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$400,000 \$500,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan.
- Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **State participation.** With respect to loans that are eligible for restructuring under sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 and upon acceptance by the authority, the authority shall enter into a participation agreement or other financial arrangement whereby it shall participate in a restructured loan to the extent of 45 percent of the primary principal or \$525,000 (61.31) (\$625,000), whichever is less. The authority's portion of the loan must be protected during the authority's participation by the first mortgage held by the eligible lender to the extent of its participation in the loan.

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Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.042, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Participation limit; interest.** The authority may participate in new seller-sponsored loans to the extent of 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$400,000 \$500,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the seller's retained portion of the loan.

Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.043, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. **Loan participation.** The authority may participate in an agricultural improvement loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who meets the requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), and who is actively engaged in farming. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$400,000 \$500,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.045, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Loan participation.** The authority may participate in a livestock expansion and modernization loan with an eligible lender to a livestock farmer who meets the requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), and who are actively engaged in a livestock operation. A prospective borrower must have a total net worth, including assets and liabilities of the borrower's spouse and dependents, of less than \$1,700,000 in 2017 and an amount in subsequent years which is adjusted for inflation by multiplying that amount by the cumulative inflation rate as determined by the United States All-Items Consumer Price Index.

Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$525,000 \$625,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 41B.047, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The authority shall establish and implement a disaster recovery loan program to help farmers:

(1) clean up, repair, or replace farm structures and septic and water systems, as well as replace seed, other crop inputs, feed, and livestock;

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(2) purchase watering systems, irrigation systems, and other drought mitigation systems 63.1 and practices, and feed when drought is the cause of the purchase; 63.2 (3) restore farmland; 63.3 (4) replace flocks or livestock, make building improvements, or cover the loss of revenue 63.4 63.5 when the replacement, improvements, or loss of revenue is due to the confirmed presence of a highly contagious animal disease in a commercial poultry or game flock, or a commercial 63.6 livestock operation, located in Minnesota; or 63.7 (5) cover the loss of revenue when the revenue loss is due to an infectious human disease 63.8 for which the governor has declared a peacetime emergency under section 12.31. 63.9 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 63.10 Subd. 3. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture or the 63.11 63.12 commissioner's designee. Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 63.13 Subd. 7. Grain. "Grain" means any cereal grain, coarse grain, or oilseed in unprocessed 63.14 form for which a standard has been established by the United States Secretary of Agriculture, 63.15 dry edible beans, or agricultural crops designated by the commissioner by rule product 63.16 commonly referred to as grain, including wheat, corn, oats, barley, rye, rice, soybeans, 63.17 emmer, sorghum, triticale, millet, pulses, dry edible beans, sunflower seed, rapeseed, canola, 63.18 safflower, flaxseed, mustard seed, crambe, sesame seed, and other products ordinarily stored 63.19 in grain warehouses. 63.20 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 63.21 Subd. 11. **Producer.** "Producer" means a person who owns or manages a grain producing 63.22 63.23 or growing operation and holds or shares the responsibility for marketing that grain produced grows grain on land owned or leased by the person. 63.24 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 12, is amended to read: 63.25 Subd. 12. **Public grain warehouse operator.** "Public grain warehouse operator" means: 63.26 (1) a person licensed to operate operating a grain warehouse in which grain belonging to 63.27 persons other than the grain warehouse operator is accepted for storage or purchase, or; (2) 63.28 a person who offers grain storage or grain warehouse facilities to the public for hire; or (3) 63.29 a feed-processing plant that receives and stores grain, the equivalent of which, it processes 63.30

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and returns to the grain's owner in amounts, at intervals, and with added ingredients that 64.1 are mutually agreeable to the grain's owner and the person operating the plant. 64.2 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 232.21, subdivision 13, is amended to read: 64.3 Subd. 13. Scale ticket. "Scale ticket" means a memorandum showing the weight, grade 64.4 and kind of grain which is issued by a grain elevator or warehouse operator to a depositor 64.5 at the time the grain is delivered. 64.6 Sec. 67. [346.021] FINDER TO GIVE NOTICE. 64.7 A person who finds an estray and knows who owns the estray must notify the estray's 64.8 owner within seven days after finding the estray and request that the owner pay all reasonable 64.9 charges and take the estray away. A finder who does not know who owns an estray must 64.10 64.11 either: (1) within ten days, file a notice with the town or city clerk and post a physical or online 64.12 notice of the finding of the estray. The notice must briefly describe the estray or provide a 64.13 photograph of the estray, provide the residence or contact information of the finder, and 64.14 provide the approximate location and time when the finder found the estray; or 64.15 (2) within seven days, surrender the estray to a local animal control agency or to a kennel 64.16 as defined in section 347.31, subdivision 2. 64.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 64.18 Sec. 68. Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 2, section 142, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 64.19 Subd. 9. Dairy law. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 17.984; 32D.03, subdivision 5; 64.20 64.21 32D.24; 32D.25, subdivision 1; 32D.26; 32D.27; and 32D.28, are repealed. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 64.22 Sec. 69. REVIVAL AND REENACTMENT. 64.23 64.24 Minnesota Statutes, section 32D.25, subdivision 2, is revived and reenacted effective retroactively from July 1, 2023. 64.25 64.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Sec. 70. REPORT REQUIRED; COOPERATIVE FINANCIAL REPORTING. 64.27 The commissioner of agriculture shall convene a cooperative financial reporting 64.28 workgroup, which must include producers who sell to a cooperative and representatives 64.29

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from cooperative management. The commissioner shall develop recommendations relating
to requirements for cooperatives to report on financial conditions and report back with
recommendations to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture by January
3, 2025. Participating stakeholders must be given an opportunity to include written testimony
to the legislative committees in the commissioner's report.

# Sec. 71. COMMERCIAL APPLICATOR LICENSE EXAMINATION LANGUAGE

REQUIREMENTS.

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By January 1, 2025, the commissioner of agriculture must ensure that examinations for a commercial applicator license under Minnesota Statutes, section 18B.33, are available in Spanish and that applicants are informed that the examinations can be taken in Spanish.

The commissioner must use money appropriated from the pesticide regulatory account under Minnesota Statutes, section 18B.05, for this purpose.

## Sec. 72. CREDIT MARKET REPORT REQUIRED.

The commissioner of agriculture must convene a stakeholder working group to explore the state establishing a market for carbon credits, ecosystem services credits, or other credits generated by farmers who implement clean water, climate-smart, and soil-healthy farming practices. To the extent practicable, the stakeholder working group must include but is not limited to farmers; representatives of agricultural organizations; experts in geoscience, carbon storage, greenhouse gas modeling, and agricultural economics; industry representatives with experience in carbon markets and supply chain sustainability; and representatives of environmental organizations with expertise in carbon sequestration and agriculture. No later than February 1, 2025, the commissioner must report recommendations to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture. The commissioner must provide participating stakeholders an opportunity to include written testimony in the commissioner's report.

## Sec. 73. **REPEALER.**

- (a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3.7371, subdivision 7; and 34.07, are repealed.
- (b) Minnesota Rules, parts 1506.0010; 1506.0015; 1506.0020; 1506.0025; 1506.0030;
- 65.29 1506.0035; and 1506.0040, are repealed.

ARTICLE 3

66.2	BROADBAND
66.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 116J.396, is amended by adding a subdivision
66.4	to read:
66.5	Subd. 4. Transfer. The commissioner may transfer up to \$5,000,000 of a fiscal year
66.6	appropriation between the border-to-border broadband program, low density population
66.7	broadband program, and the broadband line extension program to meet demand. The
66.8	commissioner must inform the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative
66.9	committees with jurisdiction over broadband finance in writing when this transfer authority
66.10	is used. The written notice must include how much money was transferred and why the
66.11	transfer was made. The written notice must also be filed with the Legislative Reference
66.12	Library in compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 3.195.
66.13	Sec. 2. BROADBAND DEVELOPMENT; APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL
66.14	FUNDING; APPROPRIATION.
66.15	(a) The commissioner of employment and economic development must prepare and
66.16	submit an application to the United States Department of Commerce requesting State Digital
66.17	Equity Capacity Grant funding made available under Public Law 117-58, the Infrastructure
66.18	Investment and Jobs Act.
66.19	(b) The amount awarded to Minnesota pursuant to the application submitted under
66.20	paragraph (a) is appropriated to the commissioner of employment and economic development
66.21	for purposes of the commissioner's Minnesota Digital Opportunity Plan."
66.22	Delete the title and insert:
66.23	"A bill for an act
66.24	relating to state government; amending agriculture policy provisions; establishing
66.25	and modifying agriculture programs; providing broadband appropriation transfer
66.26	authority; requiring an application for federal broadband aid; establishing a
66.27	supplemental budget for energy, transmission, and renewable energy purposes;
66.28	adding and modifying provisions governing geothermal energy, electric
66.29	transmission, solar energy, and other energy policy; making technical changes;
66.30 66.31	requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3.7371, subdivisions 2, 3, by adding subdivisions; 17.116, subdivision 2; 17.133,
66.32	subdivision 1; 18B.01, by adding a subdivision; 18B.26, subdivision 6; 18B.28,
66.33	by adding a subdivision; 18B.305, subdivision 2; 18B.32, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5;
66.34	18B.33, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; 18B.34, subdivisions 1, 4; 18B.35, subdivision 1;
66.35	18B.36, subdivisions 1, 2; 18B.37, subdivisions 2, 3; 18C.005, subdivision 33, by
66.36	adding a subdivision; 18C.115, subdivision 2; 18C.215, subdivision 1; 18C.221;
66.37	18C.70, subdivisions 1, 5; 18C.71, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, by adding a subdivision;
66.38	18C.80, subdivision 2; 18D.301, subdivision 1; 28A.10; 28A.151, subdivisions 1,
66.39	2, 3, 5, by adding a subdivision; 28A.21, subdivision 6; 31.74; 31.94; 32D.30;
66.40	41B.039, subdivision 2; 41B.04, subdivision 8; 41B.042, subdivision 4; 41B.043,

subdivision 1b; 41B.045, subdivision 2; 41B.047, subdivision 1; 116J.396, by 67.1 adding a subdivision; 232.21, subdivisions 3, 7, 11, 12, 13; Minnesota Statutes 67.2 2023 Supplement, sections 17.055, subdivision 3; 17.133, subdivision 3; 17.134, 67.3 subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 17.710; 18C.425, subdivision 6; 18K.06; 67.4 Laws 2023, chapter 43, article 1, sections 2; 4; article 2, section 142, subdivision 67.5 9; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 346; repealing 67.6 Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 3.7371, subdivision 7; 34.07; Minnesota Rules, 67.7 parts 1506.0010; 1506.0015; 1506.0020; 1506.0025; 1506.0030; 1506.0035; 67.8 1506.0040." 67.9