1.2	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
1.3	"ARTICLE 1
1.4	STATE GOVERNMENT POLICY
1.5	Section 1. [1.1466] STATE FOSSIL.
1.6	Subdivision 1. Designation. Castoroides ohioensis, commonly known as the giant
1.7	beaver, or Capa in Dakota and Amik in Ojibwe, is designated as the official state fossil of
1.8	the state of Minnesota.
1.9	Subd. 2. Photograph. A photograph of the giant beaver, approved by the commissioner
1.10	of natural resources, shall be preserved and may be displayed in the Office of the Secretary
1.11	of State.
1.12	Sec. 2. [1.1493] STATE CONSTELLATION.
1.13	Ursa Minor is the official constellation of the state of Minnesota.
1.14	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.303, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
1.15	Subd. 3. Chair and vice-chair. The chair of the commission alternates between the
1.16	president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives at the start of the
1.17	regular legislative session in each odd-numbered year. When not serving as chair, the
1.18	president of the senate or the speaker of the house serves as vice-chair.

..... moves to amend H.F. No. 1837 as follows:

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.305, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Legislative commission" means a joint commission, committee, or other entity in the legislative branch composed exclusively of members of the senate and the house of representatives.

- (b) "Joint offices" means the Revisor of Statutes, Legislative Reference Library, the Office of Legislative Auditor, the Legislative Budget Office, Legislative Coordinating Commission, and any other joint legislative service office.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.305, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 9. **Joint legislative studies.** The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall oversee and coordinate all joint legislative studies mandated by the legislature and may require regular progress reports to the commission and appropriate standing committees of the house of representatives and the senate. Appropriations for all joint legislative studies except those specifically assigned to an existing legislative <u>office or</u> commission shall be made to the Legislative Coordinating Commission. Responsibility and appropriations for a joint legislative study may be delegated by the Legislative Coordinating Commission to an existing staff office of the house of representatives or senate, a legislative commission, a joint legislative committee or office or a state agency. The office, commission, joint committee, or agency responsible for the study may contract with another agent for assistance.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.971, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Staff; compensation.** (a) The legislative auditor shall establish a Financial Audits Division and, a Program Evaluation Division, and a Special Reviews Division to fulfill the duties prescribed in this section.
 - (b) Each division may be supervised by a deputy auditor, appointed by the legislative auditor, with the approval of the commission, for a term coterminous with the legislative auditor's term. The deputy auditors may be removed before the expiration of their terms only for cause. The legislative auditor and deputy auditors may each appoint an administrative support specialist to serve at pleasure. The salaries and benefits of the legislative auditor, deputy auditors, and administrative support specialists shall be determined by the compensation plan approved by the Legislative Coordinating Commission. The deputy auditors may perform and exercise the powers, duties and responsibilities imposed by law on the legislative auditor when authorized by the legislative auditor.

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(c) The legislative auditor, deputy auditors, and administrative support specialists shall serve in the unclassified civil service, but all other employees of the legislative auditor shall serve in the classified civil service. Compensation for employees of the legislative auditor in the classified service shall be governed by a plan prepared by the legislative auditor and approved by the Legislative Coordinating Commission and the legislature under section 3.855, subdivision 3.

- (d) While in office, a person appointed deputy for the Financial Audit Division must hold an active license as a certified public accountant.
- (e) Notwithstanding section 43A.32, subdivisions 2 and 3, or any other law to the contrary, an employee of the legislative auditor is prohibited from being a candidate for a partisan elected public office.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.971, subdivision 8a, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 8a. **Special reviews.** The legislative auditor may conduct a special review to: (1) fulfill a legal requirement; (2) investigate allegations that an individual or organization subject to audit by the legislative auditor may not have complied with legal requirements, including but not limited to legal requirements related to the use of public money, other public resources, or government data classified as not public; (3) respond to a legislative request for a review of an organization or program subject to audit by the legislative auditor; or (4) investigate allegations that an individual may not have complied with section 43A.38 or 43A.39; or (5) follow up on a prior special review to assess what changes have occurred.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.971, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 9. **Obligation to notify the legislative auditor.** The chief executive, financial, or information officers (a) An obligated officer of an organization subject to audit under this section must promptly notify the legislative auditor when the officer obtains information indicating that public money or other public resources may have been used for an unlawful purpose, or when the officer obtains information indicating that government data classified by chapter 13 as not public may have been accessed by or provided to a person without lawful authorization. As necessary, the legislative auditor shall coordinate an investigation of the allegation with appropriate law enforcement officials.
 - (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "obligated officer" means the organization's:
- 3.31 (1) chief executive officer;
 - (2) deputy and assistant chief executive officers;

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4.1	(3) chief administrative, chief financial, chief information, and chief investigative officers
4.2	(4) heads of divisions, bureaus, departments, institutes, or other organizational units;
4.3	<u>and</u>
4.4	(5) board chair, where applicable.
4.5	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 11A.24, is amended by adding a subdivision to
4.6	read:
4.7	Subd. 8. Contracts. Section 16C.05, subdivision 8, paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (5),
4.8	do not apply to contracts entered into by the State Board of Investment related to an
4.9	investment under this section.
4.10	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
4.11	Subd. 4. Procedure when data is not accurate or complete. (a) An individual subject
4.12	of the data may contest the accuracy or completeness of public or private data about
4.13	themselves.
4.14	(b) To exercise this right, an individual shall notify in writing the responsible authority
4.15	of the government entity that maintains the data, describing the nature of the disagreement
4.16	(c) Upon receiving notification from the data subject, the responsible authority shall
4.17	within 30 days either:
4.18	(1) correct the data found to be inaccurate or incomplete and attempt to notify past
4.19	recipients of inaccurate or incomplete data, including recipients named by the individual;
4.20	or
4.21	(2) notify the individual that the responsible authority has determined the data to be
4.22	correct. If the challenged data are determined to be accurate or complete, the responsible
4.23	authority shall inform the individual of the right to appeal the determination to the
4.24	commissioner as specified under paragraph (d). Data in dispute shall be disclosed only if
4.25	the individual's statement of disagreement is included with the disclosed data.
4.26	(d) A data subject may appeal the determination of the responsible authority pursuant
4.27	to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act relating to contested cases. An
4.28	individual must submit an appeal to the commissioner within 60 days of the responsible
4.29	authority's notice of the right to appeal or as otherwise provided by the rules of the
4.30	commissioner. Upon receipt of an appeal by an individual, the commissioner shall, before
4.31	issuing the order and notice of a contested case hearing required by chapter 14, try to resolve

the dispute through education, conference, conciliation, or persuasion. If the parties consent, the commissioner may refer the matter to mediation. Following these efforts, the commissioner shall dismiss the appeal or issue the order and notice of hearing.

- (e) The commissioner may dismiss an appeal without first attempting to resolve the dispute or before issuing an order and notice of a contested case hearing if:
- (1) the appeal to the commissioner is not timely;

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- (2) the appeal concerns data previously presented as evidence in a court proceeding in which the data subject was a party; or
 - (3) the individual making the appeal is not the subject of the data challenged as inaccurate or incomplete.
 - (f) A responsible authority may submit private data to the commissioner to respond to a data subject's appeal of the determination that data are accurate and complete. Section 13.03, subdivision 4, applies to data submitted by the responsible authority. Government data submitted to the commissioner by a government entity, copies of government data submitted by a data subject, or government data described by the data subject in their appeal have the same classification as the data when maintained by the government entity. The commissioner may disclose private data contained within the appeal record to the Office of Administrative Hearings.
 - (f) (g) Data on individuals that have been successfully challenged by an individual must be completed, corrected, or destroyed by a government entity without regard to the requirements of section 138.17.
 - (g) (h) After completing, correcting, or destroying successfully challenged data, a government entity may retain a copy of the commissioner of administration's order issued under chapter 14 or, if no order were issued, a summary of the dispute between the parties that does not contain any particulars of the successfully challenged data.
- (i) Data maintained by the commissioner that a responsible authority has completed,
 corrected, or destroyed as the result of the informal resolution process described in paragraph
 (d) or by order of the commissioner, are private data on individuals.

5.29 Sec. 11. **[13.357] DATA SHARING.**

5.30 Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(a) "Public program" means any program funded by a state or federal agency that involves transfer or disbursement of public funds or other public resources.

- (b) "Fraud" means an intentional or deliberate act to deprive another of property or money or to acquire property or money by deception or other unfair means. Fraud includes intentionally submitting false information to a federal, state, or local government entity for the purpose of obtaining a greater compensation or benefit than that to which the person is legally entitled. Fraud includes acts that constitute a crime against any program, or acts that attempt or conspire to commit those crimes, including but not limited to theft in violation of section 609.52, perjury in violation of section 609.48, and aggravated forgery and forgery in violation of sections 609.625 and 609.63, and substantially similar federal laws.
- Subd. 2. Authority to share data regarding fraud in public programs. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary specifically prohibiting data sharing, any government entity may disclose data relating to suspected or confirmed fraud in public programs to any other government entity, federal agency, or law enforcement agency if the access would promote the protection of public resources, promote the integrity of public programs, or aid the law enforcement process.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 Subdivision 1. Creation. A state Office Court of Administrative Hearings is created.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.48, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Chief administrative law judge.** (a) The <u>office court</u> shall be under the direction of a chief administrative law judge who shall be learned in the law and appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, for a term ending on June 30 of the sixth calendar year after appointment. Senate confirmation of the chief administrative law judge shall be as provided by section 15.066.
 - (b) The chief administrative law judge may hear cases and, in accordance with chapter 43A, shall appoint a deputy chief judge and additional administrative law judges and compensation judges to serve in the <u>office court</u> as necessary to fulfill the duties of the <u>Office Court</u> of Administrative Hearings.
 - (c) The chief administrative law judge may delegate to a subordinate employee the exercise of a specified statutory power or duty as deemed advisable, subject to the control of the chief administrative law judge. Every delegation must be by written order filed with the secretary of state. The chief administrative law judge is subject to the provisions of the

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Minnesota Constitution, article VI, section 6, the jurisdiction of the Board on Judicial Standards, and the provisions of the Code of Judicial Conduct.

- (d) If a vacancy in the position of chief administrative law judge occurs, an acting or temporary chief administrative law judge must be named as follows:
- (1) at the end of the term of a chief administrative law judge, the incumbent chief administrative law judge may, at the discretion of the appointing authority, serve as acting chief administrative law judge until a successor is appointed; and
- (2) if at the end of a term of a chief administrative law judge the incumbent chief administrative law judge is not designated as acting chief administrative law judge, or if a vacancy occurs in the position of chief administrative law judge, the deputy chief judge shall immediately become temporary chief administrative law judge without further official action.
- (e) The appointing authority of the chief administrative law judge may appoint a person other than the deputy chief judge to serve as temporary chief administrative law judge and may replace any other acting or temporary chief administrative law judge designated pursuant to paragraph (d), clause (1) or (2).
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.62, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Writing required.** Every decision and order rendered by an agency in a contested case shall be in writing, shall be based on the record and shall include the agency's findings of fact and conclusions on all material issues. A decision or order that rejects or modifies a finding of fact, conclusion, or recommendation contained in the report of the administrative law judge required under sections 14.48 to 14.56, or requests remand under subdivision 2b, must include the reasons for each rejection or, modification, or request for remand. A copy of the decision and order shall be served upon each party or the party's representative and the administrative law judge by first class mail.
- 7.26 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.62, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2a. **Administrative law judge decision final; exception.** Unless otherwise provided by law, the report or order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final decision in the case unless the agency modifies or rejects it under, rejects, or requests remand pursuant to subdivision 1 within 90 days after the record of the proceeding closes under section 14.61. When the agency fails to act within 90 days on a licensing case, the agency must return the record of the proceeding to the administrative law judge for consideration

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of disciplinary action. In all contested cases where the report or order of the administrative law judge constitutes the final decision in the case, the administrative law judge shall issue findings of fact, conclusions, and an order within 90 days after the hearing record closes under section 14.61. Upon a showing of good cause by a party or the agency, the chief administrative law judge may order a reasonable extension of either of the two 90-day deadlines specified in this subdivision. The 90-day deadline will be tolled while the chief administrative law judge considers a request for reasonable extension so long as the request was filed and served within the applicable 90-day period.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 14.62, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2b. Agency request for remand. (a) An agency may request remand of a finding of fact, conclusion of law, or recommendation within 45 days following the close of the hearing record under section 14.61. Upon a showing of good cause by the agency, the chief administrative law judge may consider a request for remand received after the deadline specified in this provision.
 - (b) The requesting agency must state with specificity the reasons the agency is requesting remand. If the agency requests remand for additional fact finding, the agency must state with specificity that it is requesting remand for further fact finding, identify the issues for which further fact finding is needed, and explain why further fact finding is necessary to facilitate a fair and just final decision.
- (c) The chief judge, or their designee, must accept a request for remand within ten business days if:
 - (1) the agency rejects a recommendation to grant summary disposition;
- 8.24 (2) a party who had procedurally defaulted during the administrative proceedings seeks
 8.25 to participate; or
- 8.26 (3) following remand from the Minnesota Court of Appeals or Minnesota Supreme

 8.27 Court, or identification of a mathematical or clerical error, the agency identifies a need for

 8.28 additional proceedings before the Court of Administrative Hearings.
 - (d) The chief judge, or their designee, may accept a request for remand within ten business days for other reasons as justice requires and consistent with section 14.001.
 - (e) When a request for remand is accepted by the chief judge or their designee, the chief judge or their designee must assign an administrative law judge to conduct further proceedings under this chapter on the issues accepted for remand.

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Sec. 17. [15.013	PROGRAM PAYMENTS \	WITHHELD; FRAUD.
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Subdivision 1. Definitions. ((a) For purposes	of this section,	the following	terms have
the meanings given.				

- (b) "Credible allegation of fraud" means an allegation of fraud that has been verified by the head of a state agency from any source, including but not limited to fraud complaints; patterns identified through audits, civil cases, law enforcement investigations, or investigations by other state or federal agencies; and court filings and other legal documents, including but not limited to police reports, complaints, indictments, information, affidavits, declarations, and search warrants.
- (c) "Fraud" means an intentional or deliberate act to deprive another of property or money or to acquire property or money by deception or other unfair means. Fraud includes intentionally submitting false information to a federal, state, or local government entity for the purpose of obtaining a greater compensation or benefit than that to which the person is legally entitled. Fraud also includes acts which constitute a crime against any program, or the attempts or plans to commit those crimes, including but not limited to theft in violation of section 609.52; perjury in violation of section 609.48; and aggravated forgery and forgery in violation of sections 609.625 and 609.63, and substantially similar federal laws.
- 9.18 (d) "Individual" means a natural person.

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- 9.19 (e) "Program" means any program funded by a state or federal agency that involves the 9.20 transfer or disbursement of public funds or other public resources.
- 9.21 <u>(f) "Program participant" means any entity or individual that receives, disburses, or has</u>
 9.22 custody of funds or other resources transferred or disbursed under a program.
- 9.23 (g) "State agency" means any department or agency of the state as defined in sections
 9.24 15.01 and 15.012.
 - Subd. 2. Withholding of payments. (a) Except as otherwise authorized and to the extent permitted by federal law, the head of any state agency may withhold payments to a program participant in any program administered by that agency if the agency head determines there is a credible allegation of fraud under investigation and the program participant is a subject of the investigation.
- 9.30 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision 3, the state agency head must send notice of the
 9.31 withholding of payments to the program participant within five days of taking such action.
 9.32 The notice must:
 - (1) state that payments are being withheld in accordance with this section;

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10.1	(2) state the reasons for withholding payments, but need not disclose specific information
10.2	concerning an ongoing investigation;
10.3	(3) state that the withholding is for a temporary period and cite the circumstances under
10.4	which withholding shall be terminated; and
10.5	(4) inform the program participant of the right to submit written evidence for
10.6	consideration by the state agency head.
10.7	(c) The withholding of payments shall not continue after the state agency head determines
10.8	there is insufficient evidence of fraud by the program participant, or after legal proceedings
10.9	relating to the alleged fraud are completed, unless the state agency head is authorized by
10.10	law to take additional action against the program participant and complies with all
10.11	requirements in law to take such action.
10.12	(d) The withholding of payments is a temporary action and is not subject to appeal under
10.13	chapter 14.
10.14	Subd. 3. Data classification and access. (a) During the payment withholding period
10.15	under this section, all data relating to a credible allegation of fraud and withholding of
10.16	payments under this section are classified as: (1) confidential data on individuals pursuant
10.17	to section 13.02, subdivision 3; or (2) protected nonpublic data pursuant to section 13.02,
10.18	subdivision 13, in the case of data not on individuals. The agency head may disclose that
10.19	payments are being withheld from a program participant if the agency head determines that
10.20	doing so will not compromise an ongoing investigation.
10.21	(b) Except for the identity of a complainant, after a determination has been made under
10.22	subdivision 2, paragraph (c), that withholding of payments shall not continue, all data relating
10.23	to a credible allegation of fraud and withholding of payments under this section becomes
10.24	public unless classified otherwise under state or federal law. The identity of a complainant
10.25	is private.
10.26	(c) Any state agency may disclose any data classified as confidential or protected
10.27	nonpublic under this section to any federal, state, or local government agency, or any law
10.28	enforcement agency, if the state agency determines that access will help prevent fraud
10.29	against public programs or aid the law enforcement process.
10.20	C. 10 145 05721 DEDODTING AT LEGED MIGUGE OF BUDITG DECOUDGES
10.30	Sec. 18. [15.0573] REPORTING ALLEGED MISUSE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES OR DATA.
10.31	<u>UN DAIA.</u>
10.32	The commissioner or chief executive officer of each state department, board, commission
10.33	office or other agency must ensure that employee and nonemployee concerns about the

misuse of public money, other public resources, or government data are promptly directed to one or more of the obligated officers identified in section 3.971, subdivision 9, or the Office of the Legislative Auditor. The commissioner of management and budget must develop a policy to operationalize and standardize the process under this section across state agencies.

Sec. 19. [15.0574] ORGANIZATIONAL CHARTS POSTED.

Each state agency must clearly post on the agency's website a current organizational chart that includes the name and contact information for the agency head, all deputy and assistant agency heads, and the head of each division or bureau within the agency.

Sec. 20. [15.761] SAVI PROGRAM.

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- Subdivision 1. **Program established.** The state agency value initiative (SAVI) program is established to encourage state agencies to identify cost-effective and efficiency measures in agency programs and operations that result in cost savings for the state. All state agencies, including Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, may participate in this program.
- 11.15 Subd. 2. **Retained savings.** (a) In order to encourage innovation and creative cost savings by state employees, upon approval of the commissioner of management and budget, 50 11.16 percent of any appropriations for agency operations that remain unspent at the end of a 11.17 biennium because of unanticipated innovation, efficiencies, or creative cost-savings may 11.18 be carried forward and retained by the agency to fund specific agency proposals or projects. 11.19 Agencies choosing to spend retained savings funds must ensure that project expenditures 11.20 do not create future obligations beyond the amounts available from the retained savings. 11.21 The retained savings must be used only to fund projects that directly support the agency's 11.22 mission. This section does not restrict authority granted by other law to carry forward money 11.23 for a different period or for different purposes. 11.24
- (b) This section supersedes any contrary provision of section 16A.28.
- Subd. 3. Special peer review panel; review process. (a) Each participating agency
 must organize a peer review panel that will determine which proposal or project receives
 funding from the SAVI program. The peer review panel must be comprised of department
 employees who are credited with cost-savings initiatives and department managers. The
 ratio between managers and department employees must be balanced.
- (b) An agency may spend money for a project recommended for funding by the peer review panel after:

12.1	(1) the agency has posted notice of spending for the proposed project on the agency
12.2	website for at least 30 days; and
12.3	(2) the commissioner of management and budget has approved spending money from
12.4	the SAVI account for the project.
12.5	(c) Before approving a project, the commissioner of management and budget must submit
12.6	the request to the Legislative Advisory Commission for its review and recommendation.
12.7	Upon receiving a request from the commissioner, the Legislative Advisory Commission
12.8	shall post notice of the request on a legislative website for at least 30 days. Failure of the
12.9	commission to make a recommendation within this 30-day period is considered a negative
12.10	recommendation. A recommendation of the commission must be made at a meeting of the
12.11	commission unless a written recommendation is signed by all the members entitled to vote
12.12	on the item.
12.13	Subd. 4. SAVI-dedicated account. Each agency that participates in the SAVI program
12.14	shall have a SAVI-dedicated account in the special revenue fund, or other appropriate fund
12.15	as determined by the commissioner of management and budget, into which the agency's
12.16	savings are deposited. The agency will manage and review projects that are funded from
12.17	this account. Money in the account is appropriated to the participating agency for purposes
12.18	authorized by this section.
12.19	Subd. 5. Expiration. This section expires June 30, 2030.
12.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 30, 2025, and first applies to funds
12.21	to be carried forward from the biennium ending June 30, 2025, to the biennium beginning
12.22	July 1, 2025.
12.23	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 15A.082, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
12.24	Subd. 3. Submission of recommendations and determination. (a) By April September
12.25	1 in each odd-numbered even-numbered year, the Compensation Council shall submit to
12.26	the speaker of the house and the president of the senate salary recommendations for justices
12.27	of the supreme court, and judges of the court of appeals and district court. The recommended
12.28	salaries take effect on July 1 of that the next year and July 1 of the subsequent even-numbered
12.29	odd-numbered year and at whatever interval the council recommends thereafter, unless the
12.30	legislature by law provides otherwise. The salary recommendations take effect if an
12.31	appropriation of money to pay the recommended salaries is enacted after the
12.32	recommendations are submitted and before their effective date. Recommendations may be
12.33	expressly modified or rejected.

(b) By April 1 in each odd-numbered year, the Compensation Council must prescribe salaries for constitutional officers, and for the agency and metropolitan agency heads identified in section 15A.0815. The prescribed salary for each office must take effect July 1 of that year and July 1 of the subsequent even-numbered year and at whatever interval the council determines thereafter, unless the legislature by law provides otherwise. An appropriation by the legislature to fund the relevant office, branch, or agency of an amount sufficient to pay the salaries prescribed by the council constitutes a prescription by law as provided in the Minnesota Constitution, article V, sections 4 and 5.

- (c) By April 1 in each odd-numbered year, the Compensation Council must prescribe daily compensation for voting members of the Direct Care and Treatment executive board. The recommended daily compensation takes effect on July 1 of that year and July 1 of the subsequent even-numbered year and at whatever interval the council recommends thereafter, unless the legislature by law provides otherwise.
- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 15A.082, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **No ex parte communications.** Members may not have any communication with a constitutional officer, a head of a state agency, a member of the judiciary, or a member of the Direct Care and Treatment executive board during the period after the first meeting is convened under this section and the date the prescribed and recommended salaries and daily compensation are submitted under subdivision 3. This subdivision does not apply to testimony provided to the council in the course of an official council meeting or to other communications when a majority of the members are present. This subdivision does not preclude a member who is an attorney from communicating with an agency head, judge, or justice as necessary to represent a client.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16A.28, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Lapse.** Any portion of any appropriation not carried forward and remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the close of a fiscal year lapses to the fund from which it was originally appropriated. Except as provided in section 15.761, any appropriation amounts not carried forward and remaining unexpended and unencumbered at the close of a biennium lapse to the fund from which the appropriation was made.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 30, 2025.

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Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Federal Assistive Technology Act.** (a) The Department of Administration is designated as the lead agency to carry out all the responsibilities under the <u>21st Century</u> Assistive Technology Act of 1998, as provided by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-263. The Minnesota Assistive Technology Advisory Council is established to fulfill the responsibilities required by the <u>21st Century Assistive Technology Act</u>, as provided by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-263. Because the existence of this council is required

- by federal law, this council does not expire.

 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the governor shall appoint the membership of the council as required by the 21st Century Assistive Technology Act of 1998, as provided
- appointments required by this subdivision, the commissioner of administration, or the commissioner's designee, shall convene the first meeting of the council following the appointments. Members shall serve two-year terms commencing July 1 of each odd-numbered year, and receive the compensation specified by the 21st Century Assistive Technology Act of 1998, as provided by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-263. The members of the

by Public Law 108-364, as amended 117-263. After the governor has completed the

14.18 (c) After consulting with the appropriate commissioner, the commissioner of administration shall appoint a representative from:

council shall select their chair at the first meeting following their appointment.

- 14.20 (1) State Services for the Blind who has assistive technology expertise;
- 14.21 (2) vocational rehabilitation services who has assistive technology expertise;
- 14.22 (3) the Workforce Development Board; and
- 14.23 (4) the Department of Education who has assistive technology expertise; and
- 14.24 (5) the Board on Aging.

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- 14.25 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.335, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Other projects.** All other capital projects for which a specific appropriation is made, including projects that are exempt under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), must not proceed until the recipient undertaking the project has notified the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Capital Investment and Finance Committees and the house of representatives Capital Investment and Ways and Means Committees that the work is ready to begin. Notice is not required for:
- (1) capital projects needed to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act;

(2) asset preservation projects to which section 16B.307 applies;

(3) projects funded by an agency's operating budget; or

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- (4) projects funded by a capital asset preservation and replacement account under section
 16A.632, a higher education asset preservation and replacement account under section
 135A.046, or a natural resources asset preservation and replacement account under section
 84.946.
 - Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.48, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Reimbursements.** (a) Except as specifically provided otherwise by law, each agency shall reimburse the general services revolving funds for the cost of all services, supplies, materials, labor, and depreciation of equipment, including reasonable overhead costs, which the commissioner is authorized and directed to furnish an agency. The cost of all publications or other materials produced by the commissioner and financed from the general services revolving fund must include reasonable overhead costs.
 - (b) The commissioner of administration shall report the rates to be charged for the general services revolving funds no later than July 1 September 15 each year to the chair of the committee or division in the senate and house of representatives with primary jurisdiction over the budget of the Department of Administration.
 - (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall make appropriate transfers to the revolving funds described in this section when requested by the commissioner of administration. The commissioner of administration may make allotments, encumbrances, and, with the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, disbursements in anticipation of such transfers. In addition, the commissioner of administration, with the approval of the commissioner of management and budget, may require an agency to make advance payments to the revolving funds in this section sufficient to cover the agency's estimated obligation for a period of at least 60 days.
 - (d) All reimbursements and other money received by the commissioner of administration under this section must be deposited in the appropriate revolving fund. Any earnings remaining in the fund established to account for the documents service prescribed by section 16B.51 at the end of each fiscal year not otherwise needed for present or future operations, as determined by the commissioners of administration and management and budget, must be transferred to the general fund.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Vehicles.** (a) The commissioner may direct an agency to make a transfer of a passenger motor vehicle or truck currently assigned to it. The transfer must be made to the commissioner for use in the enterprise fleet. The commissioner shall reimburse an agency whose motor vehicles have been paid for with funds dedicated by the constitution for a special purpose and which are assigned to the enterprise fleet. The amount of reimbursement for a motor vehicle is its average wholesale price as determined from the midwest edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.

- (b) To the extent that funds are available for the purpose, the commissioner may purchase or otherwise acquire additional passenger motor vehicles and trucks necessary for the enterprise fleet. The title to all motor vehicles assigned to or purchased or acquired for the enterprise fleet is in the name of the Department of Administration.
- (c) On the request of an agency, the commissioner may transfer to the enterprise fleet any passenger motor vehicle or truck for the purpose of disposing of it. The department or agency transferring the vehicle or truck must be paid for it from the motor pool revolving account established by this section in an amount equal to two-thirds of the average wholesale price of the vehicle or truck as determined from the midwest edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.
- (d) The commissioner shall provide for the uniform marking of all motor vehicles. Motor vehicle colors must be selected from the regular color chart provided by the manufacturer each year. The commissioner may further provide for the use of motor vehicles without marking by:
- (1) the governor;

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- 16.24 (2) the lieutenant governor;
- (3) the Division of Criminal Apprehension, the Division of Alcohol and Gambling
 Enforcement, and arson investigators of the Division of Fire Marshal in the Department of
 Public Safety;
- 16.28 (4) the Financial Institutions Division and investigative staff of the Department of Commerce;
- 16.30 (5) the Division of Disease Prevention and Control of the Department of Health;
- 16.31 (6) the State Lottery;
- 16.32 (7) criminal investigators of the Department of Revenue;

17.1 (8) state-owned community service facilities in Direct Care and Treatment;

- (9) the Office of the Attorney General;
- 17.3 (10) the investigative staff of the Gambling Control Board; and
- 17.4 (11) the Department of Corrections inmate community work crew program under section
- 17.5 352.91, subdivision 3g-; and

- 17.6 (12) the Office of Ombudsman for Long-Term Care.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.98, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 17.8 Subd. 4. **Reporting of violations.** A state employee who discovers evidence of violation of laws or rules governing grants is encouraged to must promptly report the violation or 17.9 suspected violation to the employee's supervisor or manager, the commissioner or the 17.10 commissioner's designee, or the legislative auditor. If the state employee notifies the 17.11 employee's supervisor, manager, the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee, then 17.12 the supervisor, manager, commissioner, or designee must notify the legislative auditor. The 17.13 legislative auditor shall report to the Legislative Audit Commission if there are multiple 17.14 complaints about the same agency. The auditor's report to the Legislative Audit Commission 17.15 under this section must disclose only the number and type of violations alleged. An employee 17.16 making a good faith report under this section has the protections provided for under section 17.17 17.18 181.932, prohibiting the employer from discriminating against the employee.
- 17.19 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.98, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Creation and validity of grant agreements. (a) A grant agreement and amendments are not valid and do not bind unless:
- 17.22 (1) the grant agreement and amendments have been executed by the head of the agency 17.23 or a delegate who is party to the grant;
- 17.24 (2) the grant agreement and amendments have been approved by the commissioner;
- 17.25 (3) the accounting system shows an encumbrance for the amount of the grant in accordance with policy approved by the commissioner except as provided in subdivision 17.27 11; and
- 17.28 (4) the grant agreement and amendments include an effective date that references either section 16C.05, subdivision 2, or 16B.98, subdivisions 5 and 7, as determined by the granting agency.

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18.1	(b) The combined grant agreement and amendments must not exceed five years without
18.2	specific, written approval by the commissioner according to established policy, procedures,
18.3	and standards, or unless the commissioner determines that a longer duration is in the best
18.4	interest of the state.
18.5	(c) A fully executed copy of the grant agreement with all amendments and other required
18.6	records relating to the grant must be kept on file at the granting agency for a time equal to
18.7	that required of grantees in subdivision 8.
18.8	(d) Grant agreements must comply with policies established by the commissioner for
18.9	minimum grant agreement standards and practices. As determined by the commissioner,
18.10	grant agreements must require the grantee to clearly post on the grantee's website the names
18.11	of, and contact information for, the organization's leadership and the employee or other
18.12	person who directly manages and oversees the grant for the grantee.
18.13	(e) The attorney general may periodically review and evaluate a sample of state agency
18.14	grants to ensure compliance with applicable laws.
18.15	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to
18.16	read:
18.17	Subd. 8. Unenforceable terms. (a) A contract entered into by the state shall not contain
18.18	a term that:
18.19	(1) requires the state to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless another person or entity;
18.20	(2) binds the state by terms and conditions that may be unilaterally changed by the other
18.21	party;
18.22	(3) requires mandatory arbitration;
18.23	(4) attempts to extend arbitration obligations to parties outside the original contract or
18.24	to disputes unrelated to the original contract;
18.25	(5) construes the contract in accordance with the laws of a state other than Minnesota;
18.26	(6) obligates state funds in subsequent fiscal years in the form of automatic renewal; or
18.27	(7) is inconsistent with chapter 13, the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act.
18.28	(b) If a contract is entered into that contains a term prohibited in paragraph (a), that term
18.29	shall be void and the contract is enforceable as if it did not contain that term.
18.30	(c) The commissioner shall post a copy of this section on the department's website.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.137, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Report** Evaluation. (a) The commissioner of administration, in collaboration with the commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency, the Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, Natural Resources, and Transportation, and other state departments, must evaluate the goals and directives established in this section and report include their findings to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature by February 1 of each odd-numbered year in the public dashboard under section 16B.372. In the report public dashboard, the commissioner must make recommendations for new or adjusted goals, directives, or legislative initiatives, in light of the progress the state has made implementing this section and the availability of new or improved technologies.
- 19.11 (b) The Department of Administration shall implement a fleet reporting and information 19.12 management system. Each department will use this management system to demonstrate its 19.13 progress in complying with this section.
- 19.14 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.16, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 19.15 Subd. 6. **Purchasing methods.** (a) The commissioner may award up to a 12 percent preference for specified goods or services to small targeted group businesses.
 - (b) The commissioner may award a contract for goods, services, or construction directly to a small business or small targeted group business without going through a competitive solicitation process up to a total contract award value, including extension options, of \$100,000.
 - (c) The commissioner may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to small businesses or small targeted group businesses if the commissioner determines that at least three small businesses or small targeted group businesses are likely to respond to a solicitation.
 - (d) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for professional or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to small businesses or small targeted group businesses. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small businesses or small targeted group businesses are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of small business or small targeted group business subcontractors and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals

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under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small businesses or small targeted group businesses.

- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.16, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6a. **Veteran-owned small businesses.** (a) Except when mandated by the federal government as a condition of receiving federal funds, the commissioner shall award up to a 12 percent preference, but no less than the percentage awarded to any other group under this section, on state procurement to certified small businesses that are majority-owned and operated by veterans.
- (b) The commissioner may award a contract for goods, services, or construction directly to a veteran-owned small business without going through a competitive solicitation process up to a total contract award value, including extension options, of \$100,000.
- (c) The commissioner may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to a veteran-owned small business if the commissioner determines that at least three veteran-owned small businesses are likely to respond to a solicitation.
- (d) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for professional or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to a veteran-owned small business. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified veteran-owned small businesses are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of veteran-owned small business subcontractors and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are veteran-owned small businesses.
- (e) The purpose of this designation is to facilitate the transition of veterans from military to civilian life, and to help compensate veterans for their sacrifices, including but not limited to their sacrifice of health and time, to the state and nation during their military service, as well as to enhance economic development within Minnesota.
- (f) Before the commissioner certifies that a small business is majority-owned and operated by a veteran, the commissioner of veterans affairs must verify that the owner of the small business is a veteran, as defined in section 197.447.

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Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16C.16, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

- Subd. 7. **Economically disadvantaged areas.** (a) The commissioner may award up to a 12 percent preference on state procurement to small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area.
- (b) The commissioner may award a contract for goods, services, or construction directly to a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area without going through a competitive solicitation process up to a total contract award value, including extension options, of \$100,000.
- (c) The commissioner may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area if the commissioner determines that at least three small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area are likely to respond to a solicitation.
- (d) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for professional or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of subcontractors that are small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area.
 - (e) A business is located in an economically disadvantaged area if:
- 21.25 (1) the owner resides in or the business is located in a county in which the median income for married couples is less than 70 percent of the state median income for married couples;
- 21.27 (2) the owner resides in or the business is located in an area designated a labor surplus 21.28 area by the United States Department of Labor; or
- 21.29 (3) the business is a certified rehabilitation facility or extended employment provider as described in chapter 268A.
- 21.31 (f) The commissioner may designate one or more areas designated as targeted 21.32 neighborhoods under section 469.202 or as border city enterprise zones under section 21.33 469.166 as economically disadvantaged areas for purposes of this subdivision if the

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commissioner determines that this designation would further the purposes of this section. If the owner of a small business resides or is employed in a designated area, the small business is eligible for any preference provided under this subdivision.

(g) The Department of Revenue shall gather data necessary to make the determinations required by paragraph (e), clause (1), and shall annually certify counties that qualify under paragraph (e), clause (1). An area designated a labor surplus area retains that status for 120 days after certified small businesses in the area are notified of the termination of the designation by the United States Department of Labor.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16D.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) When a debt is determined by a state agency to be uncollectible, the debt may be written off by the state agency from the state agency's financial accounting records and no longer recognized as an account receivable for financial reporting purposes. A debt is considered to be uncollectible when (1) all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted, (2) the cost of further collection action will exceed the amount recoverable, (3) the debt is legally without merit or cannot be substantiated by evidence, (4) the debtor cannot be located, (5) the available assets or income, current or anticipated, that may be available for payment of the debt are insufficient, (6) the debt has been discharged in bankruptcy, (7) the applicable statute of limitations for collection of the debt has expired, or (8) it is not in the public interest to pursue collection of the debt.

(b) Uncollectible debt must be reported by the state agency as part of its quarterly reports to the commissioner of management and budget. The basis for the determination of the uncollectibility of the debt must be maintained by the state agency. If an uncollectible debt equals or exceeds \$100,000, the agency shall notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the state agency's budget at the time the debt is determined to be uncollectible. The information reported shall contain the entity associated with the uncollected debt, the amount of the debt, the revenue type, the reason the debt is considered uncollectible, and the duration the debt has been outstanding. The commissioner of management and budget shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over Minnesota Management and Budget an annual summary of the number and dollar amount of debts determined to be uncollectible during the previous fiscal year by October 31 November 30 of each year. Determining that the debt is uncollectible does not cancel the legal obligation of the debtor to pay the debt.

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Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.27, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. **Retired employees.** (a) A person may elect to purchase at personal expense individual and dependent hospital, medical, and dental coverages if the person is:
- 23.4 (1) a retired employee of the state or an organization listed in subdivision 2 or section 23.5 43A.24, subdivision 2, who, at separation of service:
 - (i) is immediately eligible to receive a retirement benefit under chapter 354B or an annuity under a retirement program sponsored by the state or such organization of the state;
- 23.8 (ii) immediately meets the age and service requirements in section 352.115, subdivision 23.9 1; and
- 23.10 (iii) has five years of service or meets the service requirement of the collective bargaining
 23.11 agreement or plan, whichever is greater; or
- 23.12 (2) a retired employee of the state who is at least 50 years of age and has at least 15 years of state service.
 - (b) The commissioner shall offer at least one plan which is actuarially equivalent to those made available through collective bargaining agreements or plans established under section 43A.18 to employees in positions equivalent to that from which retired.
- (c) A spouse of a person eligible under paragraph (a) may purchase the coverage listed in this subdivision if the spouse was a dependent under the retired employee's coverage at the time of the retiree's death.
 - (d) A spouse of a person eligible under paragraph (a) who is a dependent under the retired employee's coverage may purchase the coverage listed in this subdivision if the retired employee loses eligibility for coverage because the retired employee enrolls in medical assistance under chapter 256B and has a disability that meets the categorical eligibility requirements of the Supplemental Security Income program.
 - (d) (e) Coverages must be coordinated with relevant health insurance benefits provided through the federally sponsored Medicare program. Until the retired employee reaches age 65, the retired employee and dependents must be pooled in the same group as active employees for purposes of establishing premiums and coverage for hospital, medical, and dental insurance. Coverage for retired employees and their dependents may not discriminate on the basis of evidence of insurability or preexisting conditions unless identical conditions are imposed on active employees in the group that the employee left. Appointing authorities shall provide notice to employees no later than the effective date of their retirement of the right to exercise the option provided in this subdivision. The retired employee must notify

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the commissioner or designee of the commissioner within 30 days after the effective date of the retirement of intent to exercise this option.

- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 151.741, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Insulin repayment account; annual transfer from health care access fund. (a)
- 24.5 The insulin repayment account is established in the special revenue fund in the state treasury.
- 24.6 Money in the account is appropriated each fiscal year to the commissioner of administration
- 24.7 to reimburse manufacturers for insulin dispensed under the insulin safety net program in
- section 151.74, in accordance with section 151.74, subdivisions 3, paragraph (h), and 6,
- paragraph (h), and to cover costs incurred by the commissioner in providing these
- 24.10 reimbursement payments.
- (b) By June 30, 2025, and each June 30 thereafter, the commissioner of administration
- shall certify to the commissioner of management and budget the total amount expended in
- 24.13 the prior fiscal year for:
- 24.14 (1) reimbursement to manufacturers for insulin dispensed under the insulin safety net
- 24.15 program in section 151.74, in accordance with section 151.74, subdivisions 3, paragraph
- 24.16 (h), and 6, paragraph (h); and
- 24.17 (2) costs incurred by the commissioner of administration in providing the reimbursement
- 24.18 payments described in clause (1).
- (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer from the health care
- 24.20 access fund to the special revenue fund insulin repayment account, beginning July 1, 2025,
- 24.21 and each July 1 thereafter, an amount equal to the amount to which the commissioner of
- 24.22 administration certified pursuant to paragraph (b).
- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 181.931, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 24.24 to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Fraud.** "Fraud" means an intentional or deceptive act, or failure to act, to gain
- 24.26 an unlawful benefit.
- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 181.931, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 24.28 to read:
- Subd. 4a. **Misuse.** "Misuse" means the improper use of authority or position for personal
- 24.30 gain or to cause harm to others, including the improper use of public resources or programs
- 24.31 contrary to their intended purpose.

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Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 181.931, is amended by adding a subdivision 25.1 25.2 to read: Subd. 5a. Personal gain. "Personal gain" means a benefit to a person; a person's spouse, 25.3 parent, child, or other legal dependent; or an in-law of the person or the person's child. 25.4 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 181.932, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 25.5 Subdivision 1. Prohibited action. An employer shall not discharge, discipline, penalize, 25.6 interfere with, threaten, restrain, coerce, or otherwise retaliate or discriminate against an 25.7 employee regarding the employee's compensation, terms, conditions, location, or privileges 25.8 of employment because: 25.9 (1) the employee, or a person acting on behalf of an employee, in good faith, reports a 25.10 violation, suspected violation, or planned violation of any federal or state law or common 25.11 law or rule adopted pursuant to law to an employer or to any governmental body or law 25.12 enforcement official; 25.13 (2) the employee is requested by a public body or office to participate in an investigation, 25.14 hearing, inquiry; 25.15 (3) the employee refuses an employer's order to perform an action that the employee 25.16 has an objective basis in fact to believe violates any state or federal law or rule or regulation 25.17 adopted pursuant to law, and the employee informs the employer that the order is being 25.18 refused for that reason; 25.19 25.20 (4) the employee, in good faith, reports a situation in which the quality of health care services provided by a health care facility, organization, or health care provider violates a 25.21 standard established by federal or state law or a professionally recognized national clinical 25.22 or ethical standard and potentially places the public at risk of harm; 25.23 (5) a public employee communicates the findings of a scientific or technical study that 25.24 the employee, in good faith, believes to be truthful and accurate, including reports to a 25.25 governmental body or law enforcement official; or 25.26 (6) an employee in the classified service of state government a state employee 25.27 communicates information that the employee, in good faith, believes to be truthful and 25.28 25.29 accurate, and that relates to state services, including the financing of state services programs, services, or financing, including but not limited to fraud or misuse within state programs, 25.30 services, or financing, to: 25.31

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(i) a legislator or the legislative auditor; or

26.1	(ii) a constitutional officer-;
26.2	(iii) an employer;
26.3	(iv) any governmental body; or
26.4	(v) a law enforcement official.
26.5	The disclosures protected pursuant to this section do not authorize the disclosure of data
26.6	otherwise protected by law.
26.7	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 471.6985, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
26.8	Subd. 2. If \$350,000 \$500,000 sales, audited statement. Any city operating a municipal
26.9	liquor store with total annual sales in excess of \$350,000 \$500,000 shall submit to the state
26.10	auditor audited financial statements for the liquor store that have been attested to by a
26.11	certified public accountant or the state auditor within 180 days after the close of the fiscal
26.12	year, except that the state auditor may extend the deadline upon request of a city and a
26.13	showing of inability to conform. The state auditor may accept this report in lieu of the report
26.14	required by subdivision 1.
26.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
26.16	Sec. 43. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.
26.17	The revisor of statutes shall change the term "Office of Administrative Hearings" to
26.18	"Court of Administrative Hearings" wherever the term appears in Minnesota Statutes. The
26.19	revisor of statutes shall also change the term "office" to "court" wherever the term "office"
26.20	appears and refers to the Office of Administrative Hearings in Minnesota Statutes.
26.21	Sec. 44. <u>REPEALER.</u>
26.22	Subdivision 1. Legislative commissions. (a) Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.8842
26.23	and 3.8845, are repealed.
26.24	(b) Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 3, article 2, section 34, as amended by
26.25	Laws 2020, chapter 100, section 22; and Laws 2022, chapter 50, article 3, section 2, are
26.26	repealed.
26.27	Subd. 2. Office of the Legislative Auditor. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16B.45,
26.28	is repealed.
26.29	Subd. 3. Department of Administration. Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 16B.328

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subdivision 2; and 16C.36, are repealed.

Subd. 4. Fair campaign practices. Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 211B.06; and 211B.08, are repealed.

27.3	ARTICLE 2
27.4	STATE PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

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in the executive branch.

Subd. 3. **Equitable compensation relationships.** It is the policy of this state to attempt to establish equitable compensation relationships between female-dominated, male-dominated, and balanced classes of employees in the executive branch. Compensation relationships are equitable within the meaning of this subdivision when the primary consideration in negotiating, establishing, recommending, and approving total compensation is comparability of the value of the work in relationship to other <u>positions</u> <u>classifications</u>

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.02, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14. Commissioner's Nonrepresented employees compensation

 plan. "Commissioner's Nonrepresented employees compensation plan" means the plan
 required by section 3.855 regarding total compensation and terms and conditions of
 employment, including grievance administration, for employees of the executive branch
 who are not otherwise provided for in this chapter or other law.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Statewide leadership.** (a) The commissioner is the chief personnel and labor relations manager of the civil service in the executive branch.
 - Whenever any power or responsibility is given to the commissioner by any provision of this chapter, unless otherwise expressly provided, the power or authority applies to all employees of agencies in the executive branch and to employees in classified positions in the Office of the Legislative Auditor, the Minnesota State Retirement System, the Public Employees Retirement Association, and the Teacher's Retirement Association. Unless otherwise provided by law, the power or authority does not apply to unclassified employees in the legislative and judicial branches.
 - (b) The commissioner shall operate an information system from which personnel data, as defined in section 13.43, concerning employees and applicants for positions in the classified service can be retrieved.

The commissioner has access to all public and private personnel data kept by appointing authorities that will aid in the discharge of the commissioner's duties.

- (c) The commissioner may consider and investigate any matters concerned with the administration of provisions of this chapter, and may order any remedial actions consistent with law. The commissioner, at the request of an agency, shall provide assistance in employee misconduct investigations. Upon request of the appointing authority, the commissioner may issue determinations on personnel matters regarding board-appointed executive directors or leaders. The commissioner shall have the right to assess from the requesting agency, any costs incurred while assisting the agency in the employee misconduct investigation. Money received by the commissioner under this paragraph is appropriated to the commissioner for purposes of this paragraph.
- (d) The commissioner may assess or establish and collect premiums from all state entities to cover the costs of programs under sections section 15.46 and 176.603.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. Administrative procedures. The commissioner shall develop administrative procedures, which are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, to effect provisions of chapter 43A which do not directly affect the rights of or processes available to the general public. The commissioner may also adopt administrative procedures, not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act, which concern topics affecting the general public if those procedures concern only the internal management of the department or other agencies and if those elements of the topics which affect the general public are the subject of department rules.

Administrative procedures shall be reproduced and made available for comment in accessible digital formats under section 16E.03 to agencies, employees, and appropriate exclusive representatives certified pursuant to sections 179A.01 to 179A.25, for at least 15 days prior to implementation and shall include but are not limited to:

- (1) maintenance and administration of a plan of classification for all positions in the classified service and for comparisons of unclassified positions with positions in the classified service;
- (2) procedures for administration of collective bargaining agreements and plans established pursuant to section 43A.18 concerning total compensation and the terms and conditions of employment for employees;

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(3) procedures for effecting all personnel actions internal to the state service such as processes and requirements for agencies to publicize job openings and consider applicants who are referred or nominate themselves apply, conduct of selection procedures limited to employees, noncompetitive and qualifying appointments of employees and leaves of absence;

- (4) maintenance and administration of employee performance appraisal, training and other programs; and
- (5) procedures for pilots of the reengineered employee selection process. Employment provisions of this chapter, associated personnel rules adopted under subdivision 3, and administrative procedures established under clauses (1) and (3) may be waived for the purposes of these pilots. The pilots may affect the rights of and processes available to members of the general public seeking employment in the classified service. The commissioner will provide public notice of any pilot directly affecting the rights of and processes available to the general public and make the administrative procedures available for comment to the general public, agencies, employees, and appropriate exclusive representatives certified pursuant to sections 179A.01 to 179A.25 for at least 30 days prior to implementation. The commissioner must publish the public notice in an accessible digital format under section 16E.03. The commissioner must provide a comment process that allows the public to submit comments through multiple formats to ensure accessibility. These formats must include telephone, digital content, and email.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Donation of time.** Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner shall authorize the appointing authority to permit the donation of up to eight hours of accumulated vacation time in each year by each employee who is a member of law enforcement unit number 1, 18, or 19 to their union representative for the purpose of carrying out the duties of office.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Commissioner's Nonrepresented employees compensation plan. The commissioner shall periodically develop and establish pursuant to this chapter a commissioner's nonrepresented employees compensation plan. The commissioner shall submit the plan to the Legislative Coordinating Commission.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.08, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Additional unclassified positions. Appointing authorities for the following agencies may designate additional unclassified positions according to this subdivision: the Departments of Administration; Agriculture; Children, Youth, and Families; Commerce; Corrections; Education; Employment and Economic Development; Explore Minnesota Tourism; Management and Budget; Health; Human Rights; Human Services; Labor and Industry; Natural Resources; Public Safety; Revenue; Transportation; and Veterans Affairs; the Housing Finance and Pollution Control Agencies; the State Lottery; the State Board of Investment; the Office of Administrative Hearings; the Department of Information Technology Services; an agency, including the Offices of the Attorney General, Secretary of State, and State Auditor; the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; the Minnesota Office of Higher Education; the Perpich Center for Arts Education; Direct Care and Treatment; the Minnesota Zoological Board; and the Office of Emergency Medical Services, may designate additional unclassified positions.

A position designated by an appointing authority according to this subdivision must meet the following standards and criteria:

- (1) the designation of the position would not be contrary to other law relating specifically to that agency;
- (2) the person occupying the position would report directly to the agency head or deputy agency head and would be designated as part of the agency head's management team;
- (3) the duties of the position would involve significant discretion and substantial involvement in the development, interpretation, and implementation of agency policy;
- 30.23 (4) the duties of the position would not require primarily personnel, accounting, or other technical expertise where continuity in the position would be important;
 - (5) there would be a need for the person occupying the position to be accountable to, loyal to, and compatible with, the governor and the agency head, the employing statutory board or commission, or the employing constitutional officer;
- 30.28 (6) the position would be at the level of division or bureau director or assistant to the agency head; and
- 30.30 (7) the commissioner has approved the designation as being consistent with the standards and criteria in this subdivision.

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Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.08, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. **Length of service for student workers.** A person may not only be employed as a student worker in the unclassified service under subdivision 1 for more than 36 months. Employment at a school that a student attends is not counted for purposes of this 36-month limit. Student workers in the Minnesota Department of Transportation SEEDS program who are actively involved in a four-year degree program preparing for a professional career job in the Minnesota Department of Transportation may be employed as a student worker for up to 48 months if they are enrolled in secondary, postsecondary, or graduate study.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.11, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. Rejection Nonselection; explanation. If the appointing authority rejects does not select a member of the finalist pool who has claimed veteran's preference, the appointing authority shall notify the finalist in writing of the reasons for the rejection.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.121, is amended to read:

43A.121 RANKING OF THE APPLICANT POOL.

- Applicants referred from a layoff list shall be ranked as provided in the collective bargaining agreement or plan established under section 43A.18, under which the layoff list was established. All other names in an applicant pool shall be ranked according to the veteran's preference provisions of section 43A.11, subdivision 7, and then in descending order of the number of skill matches for the vacant position. If any ties in rank remain, those names shall appear in alphabetical order.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Emergency appointments.** An appointing authority may make an emergency appointment for up to 45 90 working days. No person may be employed in any one agency on an emergency basis for more than 45 90 working days in any 12-month period.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Temporary appointments.** The commissioner may authorize an appointing authority to make a temporary appointment of up to six months one year. The commissioner may, in the best interest of the state, grant an extension of a temporary appointment or approve a temporary appointment to fill a vacancy created by an approved leave of absence to a maximum period of one year. When practicable, the appointing authority may search

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the employment database for qualified applicants or, when necessary, the commissioner 32.1 may authorize the appointment of any person deemed qualified by the appointing authority. 32.2 No person shall be employed on a temporary basis in any one agency for more than 12 32.3 months in any 24-month period. 32.4 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 32.5 Subd. 4. Provisional appointments. The commissioner may authorize an appointing 32.6 authority to make a provisional appointment if no applicant is suitable or available for 32.7 appointment and the person to be provisionally appointed is qualified in all respects except 32.8 for completion of a licensure or certification requirement. 32.9 No person shall be employed on a provisional basis for more than six months unless the 32.10 commissioner grants an extension to a maximum of 12 months in the best interest of the 32.11 state. No extension may be granted beyond 12 months except where there is a lack of 32.12 applicants and the provisional appointee is continuing to work to complete the licensure or 32.13 certification requirement. 32.14 At the request of an appointing authority, the commissioner may authorize the 32.15 probationary appointment of a provisional appointee who has performed satisfactorily for 32.16 at least 60 days and has completed the licensure or certification requirement. 32.17 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 32.18 Subd. 7. Appointments for unclassified incumbents of newly classified positions. The 32.19 commissioner may authorize the probationary appointment of an incumbent who has passed 32.20 a qualifying selection process and who has served at least one year in an unclassified position 32.21 which has been placed in the classified service by proper authority. 32.22 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 12, is amended to read: 32.23 Subd. 12. Work-training Trainee appointments. The commissioner may authorize 32.24 the probationary appointment of persons who successfully complete on-the-job state training 32.25 programs which that have been approved by the commissioner. 32.26 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.15, subdivision 14, is amended to read: 32.27 Subd. 14. 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience. (a) The commissioner shall 32.28 consult with the Department of Employment and Economic Development's Vocational 32.29

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Rehabilitation Services and State Services for the Blind and other disability experts in

establishing, reviewing, and modifying the qualifying procedures for applicants whose disabilities are of such a significant nature that the applicants are unable to demonstrate their abilities in the selection process. The qualifying procedures must consist of up to 700 hours of on-the-job demonstration experience. The 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience is an alternative, noncompetitive hiring process for qualified applicants with disabilities. All permanent executive branch classified positions are eligible for a 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience, and all permanent classified job postings must provide information regarding the on-the-job demonstration overview and certification process.

- (b) The commissioner may shall authorize the probationary appointment of an applicant based on the request of the appointing authority that documents that the applicant has successfully demonstrated qualifications for the position through completion of an on-the-job demonstration experience. A qualified applicant should shall be converted to permanent, probationary appointments at the point in the 700-hour on-the-job experience when the applicant has demonstrated the ability to perform the essential functions of the job with or without reasonable accommodation. The implementation of this subdivision may not be deemed a violation of chapter 43A or 363A.
- (c) The commissioner and the ADA and disability employment director, described in section 43A.19, subdivision 1, paragraph (e), are responsible for the administration and oversight of the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience, including the establishment of policies and procedures, data collection and reporting requirements, and compliance.
- (d) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall design and implement a training curriculum for the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience. All executive leaders, managers, supervisors, human resources professionals, affirmative action officers, and ADA coordinators must receive annual training on the program.
- (e) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall develop, administer, and make public a formal grievance process for individuals in the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience under this subdivision and supported work customized employment program under section 43A.421, subdivision 2.
- (f) An appointing authority must make reasonable accommodations in response to a request from an applicant with a disability, including providing accommodations in a timely manner during the application and hiring process and throughout the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience. Requirements for accessibility for public records under section 363A.42, continuing education under section 363A.43, and technology under section 16E.03,

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subdivision 2, clauses (3) and (9), apply to an agency filling an appointment during the application and hiring process and through the on-the-job demonstration experience period.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.17, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Salary on demotion; special cases.** The commissioner may, upon request of an appointing authority, approve payment of an employee with permanent status at a salary rate above the maximum of the class to which the employee is demoted. The commissioner shall take such action as required by collective bargaining agreements or plans pursuant to section 43A.18. If the action is justified by the employee's long or outstanding service, exceptional or technical qualifications, age, health, or substantial changes in work assignment beyond the control of the employee, the commissioner may approve a rate up to and including the employee's salary immediately prior to demotion. Thereafter, so long as the employee remains in the same position, the employee shall not be eligible to receive any increase in salary until the employee's salary is within the range of the class to which the employee's position is allocated unless such increases are specifically provided in collective bargaining agreements or plans pursuant to section 43A.18.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.181, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Donation of vacation time.** A state employee may donate up to 12 hours of accrued vacation time in any fiscal year to the account established by subdivision 2 for the benefit of another state employee. The employee must notify the employee's agency head of the amount of accrued vacation time the employee wishes to donate and the name of the other state employee who is to benefit from the donation. The agency head shall determine the monetary value of the donated time, using the gross salary of the employee making the donation. The agency head shall transfer that amount, less deductions for applicable taxes and retirement contributions, to the account established by subdivision 2. A donation of accrued vacation time is irrevocable once its monetary value has been transferred to the account.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.1815, is amended to read:

43A.1815 VACATION DONATION TO SICK LEAVE ACCOUNT.

(a) In addition to donations under section 43A.181, a state employee may donate a total of up to 40 hours of accrued vacation leave each fiscal year to the sick leave account of one or more state employees. A state employee may not be paid for more than 80 hours in a

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payroll period during which the employee uses sick leave credited to the employee's account as a result of a transfer from another state employee's vacation account.

- (b) At retirement, eligible state employees may donate additional accumulated vacation hours in excess of their vacation payout at time of retirement, into a general pool, even if they already have donated 40 hours.
- (b) (c) The recipient employee must receive donations, as available, for a life-threatening condition of the employee or spouse or dependent child that prevents the employee from working. A recipient may use program donations retroactively to when all forms of paid leave are exhausted if the employee has sufficient donations to cover the period of retroactivity. A recipient who receives program donations under this section may use up to 80 hours of program donations after the death of a spouse or dependent child.
- (e) (d) An applicant for benefits under this section who receives an unfavorable determination may select a designee to consult with the commissioner or commissioner's designee on the reasons for the determination.
- 35.15 (d) (e) The commissioner shall establish procedures under section 43A.04, subdivision
 4, for eligibility, duration of need based on individual cases, monitoring and evaluation of
 individual eligibility status, and other topics related to administration of this program.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Statewide affirmative action program.** (a) To assure that positions in the executive branch of the civil service are equally accessible to all qualified persons, and to eliminate the effects of past and present discrimination, intended or unintended, on the basis of protected group status, the commissioner shall adopt and periodically revise, if necessary, a statewide affirmative action program. The statewide affirmative action program must consist of at least the following:
- 35.25 (1) objectives, goals, and policies;

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- 35.26 (2) procedures, standards, and assumptions to be used by agencies in the preparation of 35.27 agency affirmative action plans, including methods by which goals and timetables are 35.28 established;
- 35.29 (3) the analysis of separation patterns to determine the impact on protected group
 35.30 members; and
- 35.31 (4) requirements for annual objectives and submission of affirmative action progress 35.32 reports from heads of agencies.

Agency heads must report the data in clause (3) to the state Director of Recruitment,

Retention and Affirmative Action and the state ADA coordinator, in addition to being

available to anyone upon request. The commissioner must annually post the aggregate and

agency-level reports under clause (4) on the agency's website.

- (b) The commissioner shall establish statewide affirmative action goals for each of the federal Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) occupational categories applicable to state employment, using at least the following factors:
- (1) the percentage of members of each protected class in the recruiting area population who have the necessary skills; and
- 36.10 (2) the availability for promotion or transfer of current employees who are members of protected classes.
 - (c) The commissioner may use any of the following factors in addition to the factors required under paragraph (b):
- 36.14 (1) the extent of unemployment of members of protected classes in the recruiting area population;
- 36.16 (2) the existence of training programs in needed skill areas offered by employing agencies 36.17 and other institutions; and
 - (3) the expected number of available positions to be filled.
 - (d) The commissioner shall designate a state director of diversity and equal employment opportunity who may be delegated the preparation, revision, implementation, and administration of the program. The commissioner of management and budget may place the director's position in the unclassified service if the position meets the criteria established in section 43A.08, subdivision 1a.
 - (e) The commissioner shall designate a statewide ADA and disability employment director. The commissioner may delegate the preparation, revision, implementation, evaluation, and administration of the program to the director. The director must administer the 700-hour on-the-job demonstration experience under the supported work customized employment program and disabled veteran's employment programs. The ADA and disability employment director shall have education, knowledge, and skills in disability policy, employment, and the ADA. The commissioner may place the director's position in the unclassified service if the position meets the criteria established in section 43A.08, subdivision 1a.

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(f) Agency affirmative action plans, including reports and progress, must be posted on the agency's public and internal websites within 30 days of being approved. The commissioner of management and budget shall post a link to all executive branch agency-approved affirmative action plans on its public website. Accessible copies of the affirmative action plan must be available to all employees and members of the general public upon request.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **General.** (a) The commissioner is authorized to request proposals or to negotiate and to enter into contracts with parties which in the judgment of the commissioner are best qualified to provide service to the benefit plans. Contracts entered into are not subject to the requirements of sections 16C.16 to 16C.19. The commissioner may negotiate premium rates and coverage. The commissioner shall consider the cost of the plans, conversion options relating to the contracts, service capabilities, character, financial position, and reputation of the carriers, and any other factors which that the commissioner deems appropriate. Each benefit contract must be for a uniform term of at least one year, but may be made automatically renewable from term to term in the absence of notice of termination by either party. A carrier licensed under chapter 62A is exempt from the taxes imposed by chapter 297I on premiums paid to it by the state.

- (b) All self-insured hospital and medical service products must comply with coverage mandates, data reporting, and consumer protection requirements applicable to the licensed carrier administering the product, had the product been insured, including chapters 62J, 62M, and 62Q. Any self-insured products that limit coverage to a network of providers or provide different levels of coverage between network and nonnetwork providers shall comply with section 62D.123 and geographic access standards for health maintenance organizations adopted by the commissioner of health in rule under chapter 62D.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a self-insured hospital and medical product offered under sections 43A.22 to 43A.30 is required to extend dependent coverage to an eligible employee's child to the full extent required under chapters 62A and 62L. Dependent child coverage must, at a minimum, extend to an eligible employee's dependent child to the limiting age as defined in section 62Q.01, subdivision 2a, disabled children to the extent required in sections 62A.14 and 62A.141, and dependent grandchildren to the extent required in sections 62A.042 and 62A.302.
- (d) Beginning January 1, 2010, the health insurance benefit plans offered in the eommissioner's nonrepresented employees compensation plan under section 43A.18,

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subdivision 2, and the managerial plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 3, must include an option for a health plan that is compatible with the definition of a high-deductible health plan in section 223 of the United States Internal Revenue Code.

- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Contract to contain statement of benefits. (a) Each contract under sections 43A.22 to 43A.30 shall contain a detailed statement of benefits offered and shall include any maximums, limitations, exclusions, and other definitions of benefits the commissioner deems necessary or desirable. Each hospital and medical benefits contract shall provide benefits at least equal to those required by section 62E.06, subdivision 2.
- (b) All summaries of benefits describing the hospital and medical service benefits offered to state employees must comply with laws and rules for content and clarity applicable to the licensed carrier administering the product. Referral procedures must be clearly described. The commissioners of commerce and health, as appropriate, shall may review the summaries of benefits, whether written or electronic, and advise the commissioner on any changes needed to ensure compliance.
- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.24, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Opt out.** (a) An individual eligible for state-paid hospital, medical, and dental benefits under this section has the right to decline those benefits, provided the individual declining the benefits can prove health insurance coverage from another source. Any individual declining benefits must do so in writing, signed and dated, on a form provided by the commissioner.
 - (b) The commissioner must create, and make available in hard copy and online a form for individuals to use in declining state-paid hospital, medical, and dental benefits. The form must, at a minimum, include notice to the declining individual of the next available opportunity and procedure to re-enroll in the benefits.
- (c) No later than January 15 of each year, the commissioner of management and budget must provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state government finance on the number of employees choosing to opt-out of state employee group insurance coverage under this section. The report must provide itemized statistics, by agency, and include the total amount of savings accrued to each agency resulting from the opt-outs.

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Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.24, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Other eligible persons.** The following persons are eligible for state paid life insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefits as determined in applicable collective bargaining agreements or by the commissioner or by plans pursuant to section 43A.18, subdivision 6, or by the Board of Regents for employees of the University of Minnesota not covered by collective bargaining agreements. Coverages made available, including optional coverages, are as contained in the plan established pursuant to section 43A.18, subdivision 2:
- (1) a member of the state legislature, provided that changes in benefits resulting in increased costs to the state shall not be effective until expiration of the term of the members of the existing house of representatives. An eligible member of the state legislature may decline to be enrolled for state paid coverages by filing a written waiver with the commissioner. The waiver shall not prohibit the member from enrolling the member or dependents for optional coverages, without cost to the state, as provided for in section 43A.26. A member of the state legislature who returns from a leave of absence to a position previously occupied in the civil service shall be eligible to receive the life insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefits to which the position is entitled;
- (2) an employee of the legislature or an employee of a permanent study or interim committee or commission or a state employee on leave of absence to work for the legislature, during a regular or special legislative session, as determined by the Legislative Coordinating Commission;
- (3) a judge of the appellate courts or an officer or employee of these courts; a judge of the district court, a judge of county court, or a judge of county municipal court; a district court referee, judicial officer, court reporter, or law clerk; a district administrator; an employee of the Office of the District Administrator that is not in the Second or Fourth Judicial District; a court administrator or employee of the court administrator in a judicial district under section 480.181, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and a guardian ad litem program employee;
 - (4) a salaried employee of the Public Employees Retirement Association;
- 39.30 (5) a full-time military or civilian officer or employee in the unclassified service of the 39.31 Department of Military Affairs whose salary is paid from state funds;
 - (6) an employee of the Minnesota Historical Society, whether paid from state funds or otherwise, who is not a member of the governing board;

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(7) an employee of the regents of the University of Minnesota;

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(8) (7) notwithstanding section 43A.27, subdivision 3, an employee of the state of Minnesota or the regents of the University of Minnesota who is at least 60 and not yet 65 years of age on July 1, 1982, who is otherwise eligible for employee and dependent insurance and benefits pursuant to section 43A.18 or other law, who has at least 20 years of service and retires, earlier than required, within 60 days of March 23, 1982; or an employee who is at least 60 and not yet 65 years of age on July 1, 1982, who has at least 20 years of state service and retires, earlier than required, from employment at Rochester state hospital after July 1, 1981; or an employee who is at least 55 and not yet 65 years of age on July 1, 1982, and is covered by the Minnesota State Retirement System correctional employee retirement plan or the State Patrol retirement fund, who has at least 20 years of state service and retires, earlier than required, within 60 days of March 23, 1982. For purposes of this clause, a person retires when the person terminates active employment in state or University of Minnesota service and applies for a retirement annuity. Eligibility shall cease when the retired employee attains the age of 65, or when the employee chooses not to receive the annuity that the employee has applied for. The retired employee shall be eligible for coverages to which the employee was entitled at the time of retirement, subject to any changes in coverage through collective bargaining or plans established pursuant to section 43A.18, for employees in positions equivalent to that from which retired, provided that the retired employee shall not be eligible for state-paid life insurance. Coverages shall be coordinated with relevant health insurance benefits provided through the federally sponsored Medicare program; (9) (8) an employee of an agency of the state of Minnesota identified through the process provided in this paragraph who is eligible to retire prior to age 65. The commissioner and the exclusive representative of state employees shall enter into agreements under section 179A.22 to identify employees whose positions are in programs that are being permanently eliminated or reduced due to federal or state policies or practices. Failure to reach agreement identifying these employees is not subject to impasse procedures provided in chapter 179A. The commissioner must prepare a plan identifying eligible employees not covered by a

the exclusive representative of state employees shall enter into agreements under section 179A.22 to identify employees whose positions are in programs that are being permanently eliminated or reduced due to federal or state policies or practices. Failure to reach agreement identifying these employees is not subject to impasse procedures provided in chapter 179A. The commissioner must prepare a plan identifying eligible employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement in accordance with the process outlined in section 43A.18, subdivisions 2 and 3. For purposes of this paragraph, a person retires when the person terminates active employment in state service and applies for a retirement annuity. Eligibility ends as provided in the agreement or plan, but must cease at the end of the month in which the retired employee chooses not to receive an annuity, or the employee is eligible for employer-paid health insurance from a new employer. The retired employees shall be eligible for coverages to which they were entitled at the time of retirement, subject to any changes

in coverage through collective bargaining or plans established under section 43A.18 for 41.1 employees in positions equivalent to that from which they retired, provided that the retired 41.2 employees shall not be eligible for state-paid life insurance; 41.3 (10) (9) employees of the state Board of Public Defense, with eligibility determined by 41.4 the state Board of Public Defense in consultation with the commissioner of management 41.5 and budget; and 41.6 (11) (10) employees of supporting organizations of Enterprise Minnesota, Inc., established 41.7 after July 1, 2003, under section 116O.05, subdivision 4, as paid for by the supporting 41.8 organization. 41.9 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 41.10 Subd. 2. Elective eligibility. The following persons, if not otherwise covered by section 41.11 43A.24, may elect coverage for themselves or their dependents at their own expense: 41.12 41.13 (1) a state employee, including persons on layoff from a civil service position as provided in collective bargaining agreements or a plan established pursuant to section 43A.18; 41.14 41.15 (2) an employee of the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota, including persons on layoff, as provided in collective bargaining agreements or by the Board of 41.16 Regents; 41.17 (3) (2) an officer or employee of the State Agricultural Society, Center for Rural Policy 41.18 and Development, Agricultural Utilization Research Institute, State Horticultural Society, 41.19 Sibley House Association, Minnesota Humanities Center, Minnesota Area Industry Labor 41.20 Management Councils, Minnesota International Center, Minnesota Academy of Science, 41.21 Science Museum of Minnesota, Minnesota Safety Council, state Office of Disabled American 41.22 Veterans, state Office of the American Legion and its auxiliary, state Office of Veterans of 41.23 Foreign Wars and its auxiliary, or state Office of the Military Order of the Purple Heart; 41.24 (4) (3) a civilian employee of the adjutant general who is paid from federal funds and 41.25 who is not eligible for benefits from any federal civilian employee group life insurance or 41.26 health benefits program; 41.27 (5) (4) an officer or employee of the State Capitol Affinity Plus Federal Credit Union 41.28 or the Highway Credit Union; and 41.29 (6) (5) an employee of the joint underwriting association pursuant to section 62I.121 or 41.30 41.31 Minnesota FAIR plan pursuant to section 65A.35, subdivision 5, unless the commissioner

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determines that making these employees eligible to purchase this coverage would cause the

state employee group insurance program to lose its status as a governmental plan or would cause the program to be treated as a multiemployer welfare arrangement.

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.33, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Procedures.** (a) Procedures for discipline and discharge of employees covered by collective bargaining agreements shall be governed by the agreements. Procedures for employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement shall be governed by this subdivision and by the commissioner's and managerial plans.
- (b) For discharge, suspension without pay or demotion, no later than the effective date of such action, a permanent classified employee not covered by a collective bargaining agreement shall be given written notice by the appointing authority. The content of that notice as well as the employee's right to reply to the appointing authority shall be as prescribed in the grievance procedure contained in the applicable plan established pursuant to section 43A.18. The notice shall also include a statement that the employee may elect to appeal the action to the Bureau of Mediation Services within 30 calendar days following the effective date of the disciplinary action. A copy of the notice and the employee's reply, if any, shall be filed by the appointing authority with the commissioner no later than ten calendar days following the effective date of the disciplinary action. The commissioner shall have final authority to decide whether the appointing authority shall settle the dispute prior to the hearing provided under this subdivision 4.
- (c) For discharge, suspension, or demotion of an employee serving an initial probationary period, and for noncertification in any subsequent probationary period, grievance procedures shall be as provided in the plan established pursuant to section 43A.18.
- (d) Within ten days of receipt of the employee's written notice of appeal, the commissioner of the Bureau of Mediation Services shall provide both parties with a list of potential arbitrators according to the rules of the Bureau of Mediation Services to hear the appeal. The process of selecting the arbitrator from the list shall be determined by the plan. The hearing shall be conducted pursuant to the rules of the Bureau of Mediation Services. If the arbitrator finds, based on the hearing record, that the action appealed was not taken by the appointing authority for just cause, the employee shall be reinstated to the position, or an equal position in another division within the same agency, without loss of pay. If the arbitrator finds that there exists sufficient grounds for institution of the appointing authority's action but the hearing record establishes extenuating circumstances, the arbitrator may reinstate the employee, with full, partial, or no pay, or may modify the appointing authority's action.

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The appointing authority shall bear the costs of the arbitrator for hearings provided for in this section.

- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.346, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Eligibility.** (a) This section applies to a terminated state employee who:
- 43.5 (1) for at least the five years immediately preceding separation under <u>clause clauses</u> (2)
 43.6 and (3), was regularly scheduled to work 1,044 or more hours per year in a position covered
 43.7 by a pension plan administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System or the Public
 43.8 Employees Retirement Association;
 - (2) terminated state or Metropolitan Council employment;

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- (3) at the time of termination under clause (2), met the age and service requirements necessary to receive an unreduced retirement annuity from the plan and satisfied requirements for the commencement of the retirement annuity or, for a terminated employee under the unclassified employees retirement plan, met the age and service requirements necessary to receive an unreduced retirement annuity from the plan and satisfied requirements for the commencement of the retirement annuity or elected a lump-sum payment; and
- (4) agrees to accept a postretirement option position with the same or a different appointing authority, working a reduced schedule that is both (i) a reduction of at least 25 percent from the employee's number of previously regularly scheduled work hours; and (ii) 1,044 hours or less in state or Metropolitan Council service.
- (b) For purposes of this section, an unreduced retirement annuity includes a retirement annuity computed under a provision of law which permits retirement, without application of an earlier retirement reduction factor, whenever age plus years of allowable service total at least 90.
- (c) For purposes of this section, as it applies to state employees who are members of the Public Employees Retirement Association who are at least age 62, the length of separation requirement and termination of service requirement prohibiting return to work agreements under section 353.01, subdivisions 11a and 28, are not applicable.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.346, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Duration.** Postretirement option employment is for an initial period not to exceed one year. During that period, the appointing authority may not modify the conditions of employment specified in the written offer without the person's consent, except as required by law or by the collective bargaining agreement or compensation plan applicable to the

person. At the end of the initial period, the appointing authority has sole discretion to determine if the offer of a postretirement option position will be renewed, renewed with modifications, or terminated. Postretirement option employment may be renewed for periods of up to one year, not to exceed a total duration of five years. No person may be employed in one or a combination of postretirement option positions under this section for a total of more than five years.

- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Cooperation; state agencies.** (a) The commissioner may delegate administrative functions associated with the duties of the commissioner to appointing authorities who have the capability to perform such functions when the commissioner determines that it is in the best interests of the state civil service. The commissioner shall consult with agencies and agencies shall cooperate as appropriate in implementation of this chapter.
- (b) The commissioner, in conjunction with appointing authorities, shall analyze and assess current and future human resource requirements of the civil service and coordinate personnel actions throughout the civil service to meet the requirements. The commissioner shall provide recruiting assistance and make the applicant database available to appointing authorities to use in making appointments to positions in the unclassified service.
- (c) The head of each agency in the executive branch shall designate an agency personnel officer. The agency personnel officer shall be accountable to the agency head for all personnel functions prescribed by laws, rules, collective bargaining agreements, the commissioner and the agency head. Except when otherwise prescribed by the agency head in a specific instance, the personnel officer shall be assumed to be the authority accountable to the agency head over any other officer or employee in the agency for personnel functions.
- (d) The head of each agency in the executive branch shall designate an affirmative action officer who shall have primary responsibility for the administration of the agency's affirmative action plan. The officer shall report directly to the head of the agency on affirmative action matters.
- (e) Pursuant to section 43A.431, the head of each agency in the executive branch shall designate an ADA coordinator who shall have primary responsibility for the administration of ADA policies, procedures, trainings, requests, and arbitration. The coordinator shall report directly to the eommissioner agency head.

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Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 43A.421, is amended to read:

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43A.421 SUPPORTED WORK CUSTOMIZED EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM
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Subdivision 1. Program established. Active positions within agencies of state
government may be selected for inclusion for a supported work program for persons with
significant disabilities. A full-time position may be shared by up to three persons with
significant disabilities and their job coach. The job coach is not a state employee within the
scope of section 43A.02, subdivision 21, or 179A.03, subdivision 14, unless the job coach
holds another position within the scope of section 43A.02, subdivision 21, or 179A.03,
subdivision 14. All classified supported work job postings need to link to the overview and
application process for the supported work program. The commissioner is responsible for
the establishment, administration, and oversight of a program providing customized
employment opportunities for individuals with significant disabilities as defined in United
States Code, title 29, section 705(21). Employees in the customized employment program
are appointed to a customized employment position by matching the skills offered by eligible
individuals to specific tasks and projects within agencies, rather than to an existing job
classification. When job coach services are necessary for the individuals employed through
this program, the job coach is not a state employee within the scope of section 43A.02,
subdivision 21, or 179A.03, subdivision 14, unless the job coach holds another position
within the scope of section 43A.02, subdivision 21, or 179A.03, subdivision 14.
Subd. 2. Responsibilities Customized employment. (a) The commissioner is responsible
for the administration and oversight of the supported work customized employment program,
including the establishment of policies and procedures, eligibility, data collection and

- reporting requirements, and compliance.

 (b) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall design and implement a training curriculum for the supported work customized employment program. All executive leaders, managers, supervisors, human resources professionals, affirmative action officers, and Americans with Disabilities Act coordinators must receive annual training regarding
- 45.29 (c) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall develop, administer, and
 45.30 make public a formal grievance process for individuals in the program.

Sec. 31. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 43A.315; 43A.317, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 12; and 43A.318, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, and 5, are repealed."

the program.

Delete the title and insert:

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relating to state government; designating state symbols; modifying policy pertaining to the legislative auditor; modifying certain data practices appeals; allowing payment withholding if credible allegation of fraud; authorizing sharing of data regarding fraud in public programs; establishing a program to encourage innovation and cost savings; modifying a reporting date; modifying requirements for state contracts; renaming the Office of Administrative Hearings; providing opportunity for remand; modifying eligibility for state employee group insurance; expanding whistleblower protections for public employees; increasing a threshold for municipal liquor store financial statements; repealing legislative commissions; updating state personnel management provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.303, subdivision 3; 3.305, subdivisions 1, 9; 3.971, subdivisions 2, 8a, 9; 11A.24, by adding a subdivision; 13.04, subdivision 4; 14.48, subdivisions 1, 2; 14.62, subdivisions 1, 2a, by adding a subdivision; 15A.082, subdivisions 3, 7; 16A.28, subdivision 3; 16B.055, subdivision 1; 16B.335, subdivision 2; 16B.48, subdivision 4; 16B.54, subdivision 2; 16B.98, subdivisions 4, 5; 16C.05, by adding a subdivision; 16C.137, subdivision 2; 16C.16, subdivisions 6, 6a, 7; 16D.09, subdivision 1; 43A.01, subdivision 3; 43A.02, subdivision 14; 43A.04, subdivisions 1, 4, 8; 43A.05, subdivision 3; 43A.08, subdivisions 1a, 4; 43A.11, subdivision 9; 43A.121; 43A.15, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 7, 12, 14; 43A.17, subdivision 5; 43A.181, subdivision 1; 43A.1815; 43A.19, subdivision 1; 43A.23, subdivisions 1, 2; 43A.24, subdivisions 1a, 2; 43A.27, subdivisions 2, 3; 43A.33, subdivision 3; 43A.346, subdivisions 2, 6; 43A.36, subdivision 1; 43A.421; 151.741, subdivision 5; 181.931, by adding subdivisions; 181.932, subdivision 1; 471.6985, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 1; 13; 15; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.8842; 3.8845; 16B.328, subdivision 2; 16B.45; 16C.36; 43A.315; 43A.317, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12; 43A.318, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5; 211B.06; 211B.08; Laws 2019, First Special Session chapter 3, article 2, section 34, as amended; Laws 2022, chapter 50, article 3, section 2."

Article 2 Sec. 31.