

H.F. 69

As introduced

Subject Local general elections

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## **Overview**

This bill requires most cities, towns, and school districts to conduct their general elections on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of an even-numbered year. Cities of the first class would retain the authority to choose to conduct their general elections in either the odd- or even-numbered year.

# Summary

## **Section Description**

#### 1 Date of election.

Provides that a city may choose to conduct its municipal general election in the evenor odd-numbered year, only if the city is classified as a city of the first class. As defined in law, a city of the "first class" means a city with more than 100,000 inhabitants, or a city which has met that population threshold in the past without a population decrease of more than 25 percent since it qualified. Minneapolis, St. Paul, Rochester, and Duluth qualify as cities of the first class under this definition.

#### 2 Effect of ordinance: referendum.

Provides a conforming change to reflect the modified authority for a city of the first class to choose to conduct its municipal general election in the even- or odd-numbered year.

### 3 Alternate date (town elections).

Eliminates an existing authority for a town to choose to conduct its general election on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in an odd-numbered year. Towns would retain the authority to schedule their general election on that same date in an even-numbered year.

#### 4 Resolution requiring primary in certain circumstances.

Provides a conforming change to reflect the modified authority requiring school districts to conduct their general elections in an even-numbered year.

## **Section Description**

#### 5 **Date.**

Provides a conforming change to reflect the modified authority requiring school districts to conduct their general elections in an even-numbered year.

#### 6 **School district general election.**

Requires a school district to conduct its general election on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of an even-numbered year, and eliminates the authority for the election to be conducted on that date in an odd-numbered year.

#### 7 Applicability.

Provides a confirming change to reflect the modified authority requiring school districts to conduct their general elections in an even-numbered year, in the law allowing certain elections to be postponed for inclement weather.

### 8 Repealer.

Repeals a section of statute that provides a process for school districts to transition between even- and odd-numbered year general elections.

### 9 Effective date; transition.

Provides an effective date for the bill, and requires affected cities, towns, and school districts to adopt an orderly transition plan no later than January 1, 2026.



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